Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1869. NUMBER 95.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FRANCE.

PARIS, April 17.—The Corps Legislatif was to day the scene of wild excitement. M. Thiers, in a speech, denounced what is called "the commercial liberties of France" as like the political liberties of the French people, a farce. These words caused a heated dispute between the President and M. Thiers, which lasted some time and threatened to break up the session, but was finally appeased. M. Fuerdier, in some remarks, demanded that the regulation of commercial treaties be vested in the Corps Legislatif, instead of the Crown.

SPAIN.

MADRID, April 17.—A Directory is said to have been formed, the members of which are Serrano, Prim and Alosaga.

MADRID, April 18.—The building of gunboats for service in the waters of Cuba is going on with great expedition, and it is expected they will be completed and ready to sail before the end of June next.

Differences have arisen in the Cabinet in regard to customs, and it is probable Figuerola, Minister of Finance, and other members of the Government will resign in consequence of disagreement.

It is reported that Prince Frederick Charles, of Prussia, and the Duke of Luxemburg, will be put forward as candidates for the throne of Spain.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, April 17.—It has been decided that the Duke of Aosta will visit Lisbon.

ROME, April 17.—It is rumored the Emperor Napoleon has ordered the evacuation of Rome by the French troops in June.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, April 17.—The Emperor Francis Joseph, by an autograph decree, has named Count Edward De Toofe President of the Cisleithanean Ministry, or Council of the Empire.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, April 17.—A strike among the miners near Mous occurred yesterday. The latest dispatches from there state there was rioting and much alarm prevailed.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, April 17.—A military rising is feared in Oporto, and the strictest precautions have been taken by the Government.

MARINE NEWS.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 17.—The steamship Saxonia, from New Orleans, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, April 17.—The steamship Nevada, from New York, arrived this morning.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 18.—The steamship Deutschland, from New York for Bremen, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, April 17, P. M.—Consols 93¼ for both money and account. 5-20s 81⅜. Stocks quiet. Erie 24; Illinois Central 97¾; Atlantic and Great Western 29. Sugar, afloat, not quotably lower; tallow 45s 6d; turpentine 31.

LIVERPOOL, April 17.—Cotton quiet; sales of 8000 bales middling uplands at 12¼; Orleans 12¼; Breadstuffs dull; California white wheat 9s 2d; Red western 8s 6d; western flour 22; new Corn 28; Pork 105; Beef 90; Lard 72; Cheese 79; Bacon 62s 3d; Spirits Petroleum 9½d; refined 1s 10d.

ANTWERP, April 17.—Petroleum a shade firmer, closing at 52½f.

HAVRE, April 17.—Cotton unchanged.

FRANKFORT, April 17.—Bonds steady at an advance of ¼; closing at 87¾.

PARIS, April 17.—Bourse firmer with an advance in Rentes to 71f 37c.

FRANKFORT, April 18.—United States Bonds quiet; 5-20s quoted to-day at 87¼.

CHICAGO.

Chicago Presbytery and the Subject of Reunion—Important Railroad Case—A Reverend Swindler.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, April 17.—The Chicago Presbytery, Old School, just adjourned, after two days session at Morris, Illinois, adopted a resolution in favor of reunion, either upon the terms proposed by a majority of the New School Presbyterians, namely, omission of the explanatory clauses of the first article of basis and the omission from the basis of the tenth article, or upon the basis of the common standards of both churches, leaving all the arrangements in the hands of the General Assembly and to complete the reunion without further reference to the Presbyteries. The delegates to the General Assembly were instructed to act in accordance with the spirit of this resolution.

A case of considerable importance is now being argued in the Wisconsin Supreme Court. Certain citizens of Wampun are resisting the collection of a tax levied by Fond du Lac county, in aid of the extension of the Sheboygan and Fond-du-Lac Railroad, on the ground that no stock was issued in return for the aid voted, and that the locality concerned was not particularly benefitted.

The Reverend Jasper Malove, formerly of Pontiac, Illinois, after preaching against the evils of swindling for several years, has taken to the business himself. Procuring a lot of letter heads that read "Office of E. N. Fargo, Express and Commission Forwarding House," he addressed them to parties throughout the State, informing them he had express packages for them and would forward them upon the receipt of back charges, usually amounting from a dollar and a quarter to five dollars. A city detective was put on the track of the swindler and arrested him at the American Express office, first having a notice sent him of the arrival of money for him.

Fire in Cleveland.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, April 18.—A fire broke out to-day in the New England block, on Broadway. Eight stores were more or less damaged. Loss on buildings $4,000; aggreate $17,000; insurance $4,000. The origin of the fire is not known.

NEW YORK CITY.

Heavy Defalcation—Rumored Expedition to Cuba—East River Bridge—Forger Arrested—Union Pacific Railroad Litigation.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 17, 1869.

Intense excitement was created at Produce Exchange this evening by the discovery of a defalcation amounting to more than $160,000. The defaulter is Mr. Peck, of the firm of Packer, Peck & Co., owners of an iron elevator at the foot of Degraw street, Brooklyn. Four of five firms doing business on the Produce Exchange placed in the hands of the firm at different times, beginning with last fall, produce amounting in the aggregate to as follows: corn, 113,754 bushels, oats, 70,454 bushels, and rye, 7,561 bushels. This, it is alleged, Peck disposed of at market rates, amounting to about $160,000. Yesterday Peck could not be found, and an examination of the books revealed the fact of the defalcation. Although the most diligent search has been made, no trace of his whereabouts can be found. Report says he has sailed for Europe. Mr. Packer, partner of the defaulter, is lying sick at his residence and much sympathy is felt for him by those who have had dealings with the firm. It is due to the Warehousing Association to say that the firm of Packer, Peck & Co. was not a member. It is rumored on 'Change that one or two of the firms who have suffered by the defalcation will be obliged to suspend. This is the heaviest defalcation in produce ever committed in this city.

Considerable excitement was caused by the report that a strong expedition was about to sail from New York, with the tacit approval of the United States authorities. This is ascertained to be at least inaccurate in details. Numbers of men, it is true, are being drilled in various parts of the city; arms are being bought in large quantities and stored in convenient depots; but still the metropolis will not be the point of departure for any large expeditionary force. For this we must look further South.

The Government Commissioners appointed to examine into the feasability of the East river bridge have accomplished their task and approved all the calculations of Mr. Roebling, the engineer. Authority will doubtless be given to begin work on the return next week of the Commissioners from their visit to the west.

Jas. Smith has been arrested on suspicion of having passed one of the forged Jay Cooke & Co. checks, and committed on complaint duly made. He has been identified by the teller as the man to whom he paid the $9,000 check. He has confessed he passed that check, states the amount he received as his share of the operation, and gives the names of the parties who forged the five checks.

An arrangement has been made; substantially in the nature of an appeal from Judge Blatchford's decision, by which all the questions argued before him in the Union Pacific Railroad case will be reargued before Justice Nelson, commencing on or about the 19th inst. Judge Barnard issued to-day a supplementary injunction against the Corn Exchange Bank, forbidding them to pay out any money due T. C. Durant.

Joseph Santarille, one of the Cherry street gang of counterfeiters, was sentenced to day to four years imprisonment in the Albany Penitentiary.

Last evening a party, said to be Philip Harwood, was arrested here, suspected of being implicated in the recent burglary and robbery of a million dollars in Philadelphia.

Orders have been received at the Navy Yard in Philadelphia for the immediate fitting out of three monitor iron clads, which are now at the Navy Yard for repairs.

The Executive Committee having in charge the erection of a monument to Humboldt, in Central Park, have received an offer from the King of Prussia for the privilege of casting a bust from one being made in Berlin.

A fire broke out this morning in the table factory, 166, 168 and 180 Monroe street, owned by Browne and Bliss, caused, it is thought, by spontaneous combustion. The damage is about $50,000; insured for $12,000, principally in companies outside of New York city.

BALTIMORE.

Fire on Saturday Night—Firemen Killed and Injured by a Wall Falling.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, April 17.—A fire broke out about nine o'clock to-night in the carpenter shop of J. Buell, No. 14 McClelland alley, between Baltimore and Fayette streets, in the part occupied by Cook, colored, as a cooper shop. The building was a two and a half story brick. Shortly after the fire broke out the front wall fell outwards in the alley and a number of firemen were injured. J. Ross, Assistant Engineer of the Fire Department, was impaled on an iron railing, the spear head of an iron rod piercing his left side near the lung. He is very seriously if not fatally wounded. Eight or nine firemen are seriously hurt and three others are still in the ruins. The fire has been extinguished and they will soon be got out. The loss on the building and stock is several thousand dollars.

BALTIMORE, April 18.—Three firemen buried in the ruins of 14 McClellan alley last night, were extricated this morning. George Bentz and Jas. W. Somers were reached about two o'clock. The former was severely injured about his head and shoulders and helpless. Somers badly bruised and terribly burned from his lips to his feet. The body of Mr. McBride was recovered about four o'clock. He was dead, his neck having been broken by a falling timber. Several others are seriously injured with broken ribs and severe contusions. Chief Assistant Engineer Ross was alive at seven o'clock to-night. Seventeen firemen were on the second floor of the building, when a large chimney fell, crushing a portion of the building and front wall. The building was one of the oldest in the city, was built of imported brick, and said to have been the headquarters of General Kosciusco at a period in the revolutionary war.

Fire at Shippensburg, Pa.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SHIPPENSBURG, April 18.—A fire occurred last night which destroyed the stable of Dr. Stewart, the Sherman House, the Cumberland Valley Railroad Depot, and the *News* and *Sentinel* printoffices. Loss about $15,000, and is fully insured.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 17, 1869.

SENATE SESSION.

Mr. Willey presented a petition for the removal of political disabilities. Referred.

Mr. Sherman presented a memorial and resolutions of the Ohio Legislature, protesting against further grants of lands to railroads or for other purposes.

Mr. Edmunds moved to take up the resolution for adjournment this afternoon at five o'clock, signifying his intention of amending it by substituting Monday. After considerable discussion, and without taking up the motion, a motion to go into Executive session was carried by 30 to 8.

Senate adjourned at 3:30.

It is now probable the Senate will adjourn about Wednesday.

NOMINATIONS.

The President, to-day, sent to the Senate the following nominations:

Alfred T. A. Torbett, of Delaware, Minister to Salvador; Alex. T. Russell, of Pennsylvania, Minister to Ecuador; H. A. Miller, of Arkansas, Minister to Sandwich Islands; F. C. Dumas, colored, of Louisiana, Minister to Liberia; T. J. Coffey, of Pennsylvania, Secretary of Legation at St. Petersburg.

Consuls—De D. Brandolph Keim, of Pennsylvania, at Kinkiang; Hugo Hildebrand, of North Carolina, at Canea; N. Niles, of Illinois, at Victoria; Jas. Park, of Indiana, at Aix La Chapelle; Chas. G. Dyer, of Illinois, at Bristol; David S. Pinnett, West Virginia, at Melbourne.

Postmasters—Mrs. K. B. Johnson, Leavenworth City, Kansas; Jno. C. Moore, Wilmington, Ohio; Rob't C. Kinkead, Greenfield, Ohio; Jno. M. Barrera, Hillsboro, Ohio.

Geo. W. Bowie, Naval Officer at San francisco.

Wm. A. Howard is confirmed as Minister to China.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The Senate to-day confirmed the following nominations:

Lucias D. Kellogg, General Appraiser for the South; Edward M. McCook, of Colorado, Governor of said territory; Charles C. Crowe, of Alabama, Governor of New Mexico vice Robert B. Mitchell resigned; Wm. A. Howard, of Michigan, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to China vice J. Ross Browne recalled.

PEREMPTORY MEASURES TOWARD THE CUBAN AUTHORITIES.

A special says: It is confidently declared that President Grant has directed peremptory demand to be made upon the Spanish authorities in Cuba for the immediate release of the brig Mary Lowell and the surrender of the two passengers taken from the brig Lizzie Major. It is said Secretary Fish has already telegraphed instructions to our representative in Cuba to make this demand without delay, and a refusal to comply promptly will be followed by hostile demonstrations from our naval squadron cruising in the vicinity.

A COLORED DELEGATION.

A delegation from the African Zion Conference, now in session, called upon the President this morning. Rev. Wm. H. Butler, colored, of New York, presented an address, making a few congratulatory remarks, in response to which the President returned thanks for the compliment of the visit and stated he was glad his administration so far had been satisfactory to them. It had been conducted according to conscientious principles, and would be henceforth.

NAVAL ACADEMY VISITORS.

The following gentlemen have been selected by the President as the Board of Visitors to the Naval Academy at Annapolis, at the examination in May next: Geo. H. Stewart, of Philadelphia; Cornelius Vanderbilt, of New York; Hon. J. B. Hawley, of Hartford, Conn.; E. D. Kettles, of Galena, Ill,; Hon. H. H. Wadsworth, of Maysville, Ky.; Judge Humphreys, of Huntsville, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA GOLD.

The Director of the Mint, during a recent visit to Charlotte, North Carolina, obtained specimens of ores from different mines in that vicinity which were assayed in the mint at Philadelphia, with the following results: No. 1, gold 16,50 per ton; No. 2, 90,00 per ton, and silver 11,50 per ton; No. 4, gold 90,50, silver 4,50 per ton; No. 5, gold 9 per ton.

CURRENCY STATEMENT.

The receipts of fractional currency for the week were $228,000; shipments, $503,150. National bank currency issued during the week $305,880; actual circulation $299,800. Fractional currency redeemed $500,000.

NOMINATIONS WITHDRAWN.

The following nominations have been withdrawn: Jas. Brooks, Assessor Internal Revenue, Second District, Arkansas, and James Park, of Indiana, Consul at Hesse Darmstadt.

CORRECTION.

The plaintiff in the Ewing vs. Fuller judicial proceeding, in this District, is not Thomas Ewing, as published.

San Francisco Matters.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—The steamer Golden City sailed for Panama today with six hundred and fifty-six thousand dollars in treasurs, three hundred and fifty-seven for New York, two hundred and seventy-seven thousand for England, and twenty thousand dollars for Panama

Surprise is manifested at the indiscriminate removal of office holders in California by the new Administration. The appointment of a successor to J. Ross Browne, for the China Mission, is viewed with regret, while the nomination of Charles Delong is denounced as an unfit one.

The telegraph line to Hamilton and Treasure City, White Pine county, Nevada, is complete.

Prisoners Sentenced.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, April 18.—Eleven prisoners were sentenced to the Penitentiary in the Common Pleas Court yesterday. Chas. Dix and John Pierle, for the Schlenecker robbery, received fifteen years.

TENNESSEE.

Longstreet's Appointment Denounced—Representative Stokes Replies to Ex-President Johnson.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, April 17.—A Republican meeting held at Marysville, Blount co., a few days ago, adopted the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, Our new President, U. S. Grant, by gallantry in the cause of our common country, gained our confidence as a patriot; and *whereas*, since his inauguration he has nominated the rebel General Longstreet to a fat office,

Resolved, That we, the loyal people of Blount county, do condemn the action of General Grant, and feel that he is doing the widows and orphans of loyal East Tennesseeans, made so by General Longstreet, an injustice.

Representative Stokes spoke at the Court House to-day to about two thousand five hundred persons, the greater portion of them colored. He was received with enthusiasm and applauded throughout. He said he had not come to insult any one, or to injure any one's feelings. He had come simply to vindicate the purity of Congress, upon which foul aspersions had been cast by Andrew Johnson, in his speeches at Knoxville and this place. He showed that Congress had never transcended the boundaries of the Constitution. In passing acts over the veto they had exercised no power not granted by that instrument. He accused Johnson of having been the cause of all the troubles in Tennessee; of having stirred up bad feeling, first by giving Brownlow instructions to call on the United States for troops. He took up Johnson's statement that he freed the negroes in Tennessee, and showed that when Lincoln had announced his intention to proclaim freedom to the slaves, Johnson went to Washington and prevailed upon the President to except Tennessee, and he only declared them free when they were so in fact. He went through Johnson's Knoxville speech, and showed how unreliable were its statements of facts. He would not charge Andy with insanity, but he would say he believed that if Johnson would retire to his home at Greenville, the gnawings of his conscience would give him no peace, and he would soon die. He accused Johnson of having deceived every party and everybody who had ever trusted him; as having been an inebriate and profane man; said he exceeded his authority under the Constitution in imprisoning citizens of Nashville in the State prison, and in assessing special taxes on others, whilst Military Governor. Johnson was prating about the Constitution, and yet he had declared in a public speech in Nashville "Show me a man that talks about the Constitution, and I will show you a traitor." He warned the people to beware of Johnson. He was on a dark mission; plotting to disturb the peace and perhaps incite revolution. In conclusion he urged the disfranchised masses to cease making incendiary speeches, to abstain from murder and assassination, and they would very speedily be given the right of the ballot. So long as they indulged in acts of lawlessness, and were prolific of threats, they never would get what they desired. He said he intended be a breakwater in the path of Johnson, and would expose his dark and damning record to the public gaze. The speech was about three and one-half hours in length. He made no reference to the gubernatorial canvass, but accused Jonnson of plotting in connection with the election of Supreme Court Judges, which takes place next month.

CUBA.

Reinforcements Expected from Spain—Property of Cubans Seized—Expulsion of Cuban Americans Urged.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, April 17.—General Buceta arrived to-day. In honor of the Catalonian volunteers, hourly expected from Spain, arches have been erected and other preparations made for an enthusiastic reception.

The Government to-day seized several lots of sugar belonging to persons named in General Dulce's proclamation of yesterday. Hereafter the permission of the Government will be required to enable any person to sell produce of any kind.

The Spanish war steamer Pizarro returned from Nassau to-day. The principal captors of the steamer Comanditero have gone to New York. The Governor of New Providence refused to surrender those of them who remained at Nassau, because the matter was in the hands of the government at Washington.

HAVANA, April 16, *via Key West*, April 17—The British Consul here has entered energetic protest against the condemnation of the captured brig Mary Lowell.

The Press of Havana advocate the expulsion from the island of Cuban Americans.

The Spanish war steamer Barcelona recently boarded the mail schooner Ellen, from Kingston, Jamaica, for Santiago, on suspicion of carrying munitions for the insurgents. The British Consul is investigating the matter.

HAVANA, April 18.—The Catalonian volunteers arrived to-day from Spain, and were received with immense enthusiasm. On landing, they were escorted to their barracks by regular and volunteer troops and a large civil procession, which passed through the principal streets. The city was gaily decorated and trimmed arches spanned the streets on the line of march. Two negroes among the spectators shouted "*Viva Cespedes*" and were instantly killed.

Emigration to Kansas.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ATCHISON, Ks., April 18.—Over one hundred persons belonging to the Excelsior Colony of New York arrived here yesterday. They have purchased large bodies of land on the Republican River, two hundred miles west of here, and will at once go to farming. Emigration in all parts of Northern Kansas is unprecedented. The crops promise well. A larger breadth of grain is sown than ever before. Work will commence tomorrow on the Atchison and Leavenworth Railroad and will be pushed with great energy.

Intended Fraud Discovered.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, April 16.—The brig H. B. Colson was yesterday seized by Collector Casey for an alleged violation of the revenue laws, and because it was alleged she had on board arms for Cuba. The investigation revealed an attempt to defraud the insurance companies, the Captain stating he had been offered five thousand dollars to take the vessel to sea and destroy her.

MEXICO.

Assembling of Congress—Laws Submitted—War on the Banditti—The Annexation Project.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, April 17.—Dates from the city of Mexico to the 10th inst. are received. The session of the Mexican Congress was opened on the 1st. The speech of President Juarez was unimportant. The speech of Senor Lomus, Speaker of the House, animadverted severely on the course of Mexican journals and the public in attributing personal motives to members of Congress on account of their action there. He declared such charges unfounded and insulting.

The following laws have been submitted to Congress: To levy a tax upon mines; to substitute stamps for stamped paper; to abolish custom duties in the interior; to tax arable lands; to issue $18,000,000 in paper currency.

Charges have been preferred in Congress against the Minister of War for his action in the Puebla and Yucatan affairs, which are said to have been cowardly assassinations. Col. Caballas, who commanded during the disturbances in Yucatan, has also been indicted.

Minister Romero presented to Congress an able financial report, approved by the rest of the Ministers, except Tejada, who had influenced the tools of President Juarez against it. It was expected they would procure the tabling of the report by Congress. The Treasury deficit is $9,500,000.

Congress will suspend certain articles of the Constitution in order to warrant a vigorous prosecution of robbers, which means to execute bandits or suspected persons without trial.

The American Colonel Mayers is still held in prison. Lordo Tejada declares he is kept in jail purposely, as he affords a fine opportunity to snub Americans in the treatment of one of their countrymen.

The Sonora revolutionists would declare in favor of the annexation of Mexico to the United States. Other northern States are said to be ready for the same course.

The reports of a quarrel between Minister Rosecrans and President Juarez are unfounded.

A general crisis in the affairs of the Government is imminent.

The revolution in Sinaloa is increasing. Jesus Garcia, at the head of four hundred men, has pronounced against the Government.

A telegram of Tuesday, from the City of Mexico, says Juarez had authorized the recognition of the rights of Consul Brink. Minister Rosecrans forwarded dispatches to Washington on Monday.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Four hundred and five fires occurred in Chicago during the municipal year just closed. Total loss, $560,160.

—The Commissioners from New York have been at Cincinnati viewing the Suspension bridge, with a view to plans for a similar bridge over East river.

—Dr. Benj. Ayer, member of the Gorgia Legislature, was found, last Friday morning, lying dead by the roadside near Louisville, Ga.

—One Anderson, a tombs lawyer in New York, has been committed to jail on a charge of swindling a widow under aggravated circumstances.

—The funeral of the late Col. Charles O. Rogers, proprietor of the Boston *Journal*, took place at the Church of Unity, Boston, yesterday afternoon, and was largely attended.

—The Illinois Legislature on Thursday visited the tomb of Lincoln. Brief religious services were held. Before returning several members entered their names on the visiters' register, and quite a number subscribed liberally to the Monument Fund.

—The Savannah (Ga.) *Advertiser* publishes a letter from Bayamo, Cuba, dated the 7th inst., announcing the arrival there of three expeditions from Florida, and the union of the volunteer and patriot forces, which are increasing daily. It says the Spanish troops are deserting and joining the patriots.

—Thos. Drew has been committed to jail at Boston, for twenty-five days, by order of the Massachusetts Senate, for refusal to be sworn as a witness before the Joint Special Committee appointed to investigate charges against certain railroad companies of improperly influencing legislation in New York.

—There is nothing additional in regard to the burning of the mines at Gold Hill, Nevada. The shafts are still closed. A considerable amount of money has been raised for the relief of the families suffering by the catastrophe. The expense of the funerals was assumed by the companies concerned, and there was no lack of liberality on their part. The performance at the theatre in Virginia City for the benefit of the sufferers netted about four thousand dollars.

—At a meeting of the New Orleans Chamber of Commerce a Special Committee reported in favor of organizing a Grain Association, with a capital of $200,000. Directors and officers will be elected as soon as $50,000 shall have been subscribed. A Committee was appointed to call on the banks and insurance companies and ascertain if they would cooperate by advancing on warehouse receipts. Two Bank Presidents present signified their readiness to aid the movement. The meeting adjourned to Wednesday next.

—Senator Sprague is reported to have said to a newspaper correspondent, in conversation about his recent startling speeches, that he intends to keep at his work, and not to fold his arms and see the country go to the devil. He confesses to being crazy, in the sense that all great reformers are crazy. He is not bidding for the presidency, and would not take it unless he was permitted to appoint whom he chose to office. In a big bundle of letters, asking for copies of his late speeches, only two came from Rhode Island, where he said the truth about the great family monopoly was unpalatable.

New York Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, April 17.—In the Assembly, to-day, the annual tax bill was reported. It levies a tax of five mills on citizens, or four-fifths of a mill less than last year. The bill providing that no stockholder or director of the Erie, New York Central, Hudson River or Harlem Railroads shall be a director in either of the other roads was ordered to a third reading; it also provides for the classification of directors, one-fifth of them to go out annually.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Poisoned Himself.

A man named Barry, boarding on Third avenue, on Saturday night, at a late hour, ate some bread which he found on a table in the kitchen of his boarding house, thinking it was left there for luncheon. He soon after felt all the symptoms of poison and immediately repaired to M. J. McGann's drug store, at the head of Fifth avenue, on the extension, and made known his condition. He was in terrible pain, and Mr. McGann at once determined that he had taken some metalic poison, probably arsenic, and promptly administered powerful antidotes. Dr. Daly soon after arrived and assisted Mr. McGann in destroying the virulent poison, and within an hour succeeded in affording relief. The poisoned man was perfectly sober at the time, and was at a loss to account for the bread being left in such a place, unless it was to feed rats or dogs. (The landlady must take the *Post.*) A portion of the bread was obtained and a chemical analysis of it will be made by Mr. McGann to-day, in order to discover if it contains poison. The affair is involved in considerable mystery, as Barry was quite reticent and evidently feared to get his name in the newspapers.

Loafers Arrested.

Since the advent of pleasant weather the loafers in Allegheny, especially on Sundays, have mustered in full force at every available point. One of the places occupied for this purpose has been the pavement in front of St. Marys church, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, Fourth ward, Allegheny. The attendants at the church have been much annoyed by this practice, and at first tried mild measures, but finding these insufficient they had to resort to harsher measures. Yesterday a force of police made a raid on the chaps just as they had taken up their quarters as usual. Six of them were arrested and taken to the lock-up. Last evening Mayor Drum imposed the usual fine upon each, which they managed to pay and were discharged. This will probably have the effect of causing them to change their base, but as to stopping the nuisance that is quite a different affair.

Burglary.

Saturday night or Sunday morning the establishment of W. B. Lupton & Co., roofers, on Penn street, near Wayne, was entered by burglars and sixty dollars in money and a lot of valuable papers taken. The establishment adjoins a marble shop, into which a window opens, through which an entrance was effected. A heavy crowbar was taken from the marble shop and used in prying open the desk, which contained the money and papers. There were three good overcoats hanging up in the office, from the pockets of each of which the burglars took a handkerchief and pair of gloves.

It was not the custom of the firm to leave money in the desk, but, it appears, this sixty dollars had been paid in during the evening and had been left in the drawer through a mistake. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

A Frightful Fall.

About half-past one o'clock yesterday morning Thomas Davies, a journeyman printer, a member of the printers' union of this city, fell from a third story window of his boarding house, 129 Second Avenue, dislocating his jaw and shoulder, seriously fracturing his collar bone and both his legs. The window was at the back part of the house and just beneath was sitting a wash tub, bottom up, upon which he fell. The bottom of the tub was caved in and the man injured as stated. The tub in all probability broke the fall, and perhaps saved his life. One of his roommates happened to be awake at the time, and hearing the fall, ran down stairs and calling for assistance, removed the injured man to his room. A surgeon was called and his injuries attended to as well as the nature of the case would admit of.

Robbery in Allegheny.

At an early hour Saturday morning, the grocery store of Mr. Charles Shaffer, corner of Chestnut street and River avenue, Allegheny, was robbed by thieves, who effected an entrance by boring a hole through a door in the rear of the establishment, and by this means removing the inside bolt. The thieves secured about sixteen dollars in money, but did not disturb the goods. A chisel bearing the name "R. Rankin" was found on the counter when the proprietor opened the store. The Allegheny police arrested two parties, suspected of the robbery, but after a hearing they were discharged. There is no clue.

THE JEWS IN PALESTINE.—Rabbi Smeersohn has had a lengthy interview by appointment, with the Secretary of State in reference to the condition of the Jews in the Holy Land. The Rabbi, who speaks English fluently, has been a resident of Jerusalum for twenty-six years. He was eloquent in his appeal to the Secretary for a more liberal construction of our foreign policy as applied to our Consulate in affording protection to the Israelites of Zion, who are without a national representation or government to appeal to when opposed by the surrounding hostile tribes and nations. The Secretary promised to give the subject his prompt attention.

MISS DOROTHY L. DIX, who has interested herself for many years in the treatment of the insane, is about visiting California to labor for their better care in that state, where the lunatics are very poorly provided for.

THE other Sunday a lady preacher in Wisconsin discoursed from the text: "I say unto you watch;" and the next week the gallant youths of her congregation gave her a nice gold one.

THE ship Trident reports several lagoons on the coast of Lower California not so deep by six feet as last year and was unable to enter them. The change is attributed to earthquakes.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

HERE is a little gem by Jean Ingelow:

"A little sparrow, very ill,
Sits lonely in her little nest;
And with her discontented bill,
Pecks feathers from her little breast.
'Alas,' she sighs, 'the world is fair—
The world is fair for happy things—
For happy things that kiss the air
With innocent, triumphant wings.'

"The little sparrow droops her head,
And shuts her little, languid eyes,
And softly wishes she was dead,
And could not see the laughing skies.
The laughing skies, that laugh at her—
That laugh at her, and vex her so;
Her little limbs refuse to stir—
Her little breast is full of woe.

"Dame Nature ponders carefully—
'Oh, some must suffer, all must live:
How can I set this sorrow free
How can I tender comfort give?
Is there no fountain of delight,
That even freed m's joys forestall?"
Ah Nature, thou has guessed aright—
'Tis LOVE brings solace unto all!

"The happy sparrow's mate is near,
He will not use his eager wings;
He tells her she is very dear,
And whispers many charming things.
He brings her pleasant daily bread.
He perches fondly on her nest,
And lets her lay her weary head
Upon his faithful little breast!"

EPHEMERIS.

—Patti, it seems, is back in Paris.

—Dandy New-Yorkers use hair powder.

—Lester Wallack is going to England next month.

—Since January 1st, 1869, 14 English baronets have died.

—Janauscheck has given a private performance in English.

—A grand jury in Baltimore is down hard upon the can-can.

—Cooper's novels in Romaic are said to be popular in Athens.

—A brother of the Poet, Percival, is in a Connecticut mad-house.

—A gypsum mine has been discovered in Fairfax county, Va.

—Great quantities of slate are now marbelized in Vermont quarries.

—Rossini's post-humous Mass has been done into quadrilles in England.

—A. J. Hamilton is the favorite candidate for Governor in Texas.

—Seven hundred and fifty-three miles of railroad, is all that Kentucky has.

—The Senate is to have a Nye on Sprague to-day. He needs watching.

—Lumber and whiskey are said to be very scarce in the White Pine regions.

—$1,650 is the highest salary paid to a teacher in the Philadelphia public schools.

—Paris has a fiddler named Bartelloni who is said to be the equal of Paganini.

—The New York Express says the condition of the streets of that city is offal.

—The Philadelphia *Bulletin* thinks Reverdy Johnson's *dinersty* is at an end.

—Cigars which are bought in Cuba for $50 per thousand, cost in New Orleans $150.

—Fashionable parasols in Paris this year have handles of green or red morocco.

—Haussman, the Parisian *prefet*, is said to have more than one thousand snuff boxes.

—The Roman Catholic bishop of Pekin has died after having served for forty years.

—A new Sorosis is talked of in New York, to hold its sessions in Madison Square.

—Bishop Armitage, of Wisconsin, advocates the opening of public libraries on Sundays.

—Indiana claims that she contains eight thousand square miles of iron and coal lands.

—The Marquis de Caux is said to be spending more money than the Marchioness makes.

—Is a swell-front house necessarily a foppish style of architecture? asks the Boston *Post*.

—Portraits of Secretary Fish's children are said to be sardines—little fishes done in oil.

—Some New-York physicians say that the bite of an enraged dog is as bad as that of a mad one.

—An exchange thinks Senator Ross felt quite *put out* by Grant's treatment of him the other day.

—A New England paper speaks of the sale of a lot of dried fruit as "as one of the currant events."

—The Beefsteak Club of London, one hundred and thirty-five years old, has broken up and sold out.

—A lady in Putnam, the other day, died from the effect of having too many teeth pulled out at once.

—It is estimated that four thousand millions pounds of rags are made every year into paper in this world.

—The Chinese in San Francisco have succumbt to the velocipede mania, and are said to excel as biccylarians.

—It is said that patient waiters are no losers. Does this apply to those at the first-class hotels and saloons?—*Ex*.

—The currency of Hayti is slightly below par. It is said that three dollars of it can be bought for one cent in specie.

—Charlotte Thompson is going to harvest her Alabama cotton crop and then go to fill an engagement at San Francisco.

—Barbara Frietchie's house in Frederick, Maryland, is to be torn down to make way for some municipal improvements.

—The rumor that crinoline is abandoned is very wide of the mark. In Paris it is worn larger than last year.—*N. Y. Times*.

—It is said that 37,000,000 feet of logs in the Wolf river pineries of Wisconsin will fail to reach a market on account of low water.

—The latest velocipedal idea is a telegraphic bicycle which shall run on a wire from New Orleans to New York in an hour and a half.

—What's in a name? The first colored Minister of the United States is named Ebony-sir D. Bassett, says the Philadelphia *Bulletin*.

—A publishing house of Yeddo, announces the issue of the one hundred and sixth and last volume of an interesting Japanese novel.

—Springfield, Mass, has the small pox, and fifty cases of the disease have been recently reported, three of which have thus far proved fatal.

—A religious club in Berkshire, after discussing "Christ's fast in the Wilderness," came to the conclusion that he subsisted on blackberries.

—A huge demonstration in favor of Cuban interference is to be gotten up in Philadelphia if money enough can be raised to make a grand turnout.

—There are in Prussia one thousand two hundred and eleven iron smelting works, which give employment to eighty-seven thousand and eighty-six hands.

—In walling up a well in Randolph county, Missouri, the other day, a snake den was discovered and one hundred and twenty-five reptiles of various species killed.

—At a recent velocipede exhibition in New-York three men and two women rode around the ring on one bicycle. The women mounted onto the shoulders of the men.

—A resident of Clinton, Louisana, gathers enough tea leaves from the Chinese tea plant grown in his garden to more than suffice for the requirements of his household.

—After many attempts the Prince of Wales has shot a crocodile, some persons may remember how he shot a wild boar in Saxony some years ago. He is a mighty hunter.

—The French corps of firemen consists of two hundred and sixty-six thousand one hundred and sixty-six members, who run with twelve thousand seven hundred and twenty machines.

—Frederick Wallroth, Treasurer of the Church of Gustavus Adolphus, has been arrested for embezzling $4,000 entrusted to his care for the relief of the sufferers by the Swedish famine.

—Speaking of the new Chicago telescope a St. Louis paper says that "for observing the heavenly bodies at very great distances, this telescope has no equal, and no more appropriate locality than Chicago."

—President Grant has issued orders directing the various heads of departments to give leave of absence to their employés who desire to participate in the Odd Fellows' Semi-Centennial Anniversary at Philadelphia.

—Those "human beavers" the Dutch now talk of draining the Zuyder Zee and by the proper use of dams and dykes converting it into territory; it is not to be wondered at that profane people call them the dammed Dutch.

—The largest rose bush in France is at Toulon. It covers a wall seventy-five feet long by eighteen in height, and near the root measures two-feet eight inches round, In the months of April and May it produces fifty thousand roses,

—Marshal O. Roberts gave his daughter, when she was married the other day to Amos Van Wart, an envelope as a wedding present. This wedding gift was stuffed with a quantity of scraps of paper—valued at $100,000.

—It reminds one of the merry days of Mediaeval Rome to read that one of the friars at the convent at Presburg, Hungary, was recently poisoned while partaking of the sacrament, by the servant, having poured sulphuric acid into his cup.

—While Bishop Whittle was preaching at Five Forks church, in Hanover, Virginia, recently, the stove got out of order and threw out noxious gas in such quantities that the entire congregation was suddenly made sick. Several persons fainted away.

—A. J. Watt, once one of the wealthiest merchants of Memphis, became insane the other day, split a friend's head open with a hatchet, chopped the arm of another almost off, and finally, exclaiming "vain world, good bye," threw himself from the window on the pavement, breaking his neck.

—The demand for feathers to adorn bonnets has led to such a wholesale destruction of wild ducks, gulls, and other birds, that laws have been passed in France and Switzerland to limit the business to certain times of the year, and the subject is under consideration in the British Parliament.

—Upon hearing of the recent destruction of the town of Hancock, a philanthropist in Chicago set about raising contributions for the aid of the sufferers, and had already raised $5,000 when a telegram arrived stating that the citizens of Hancock had decided that no contributions were necessary, and the patient collector of the money went back over his route and returned all the funds.

—The velocipede mania is being turned to account by the proprietors of a lot of women engaged for use in the dramas of the period of nudity. The public interest in these spectacular limb-fat-ic exhibitions having greatly diminished, these "ladies of the ballet," have been arrayed in tights, deprived of their basque-like dresses and mounted on bicycles as "renowned lady velocipedestrians" to ride at velocicurriccula and attract spectators.

AT Panama, several persons have died under singular circumstances. The immediate cause of death is said to be the bite or sting of a fly, nearly black, or very dark blue, and not dissimilar to what is known in England as the common "blue bottle." The bite is succeeded immediately by very great pain, which partially subsides only when the body of the sufferer becomes swollen, which is the case soon after the bite.

Incidents of the "White Pine" Fever.

The San Francisco *Bulletin* says; "We have heard of several instances lately of the first use made of the good fortune which has attended some of the White Pine adventurers that show the better side of human nature. One man who had lost his 'grip,' and had become worthless by drink, was accosted one day by a friend, and told that he could do nothing here; he had no credit and no influence, and few friends; he had better go to White Pine. His adviser offered to furnish money enough out of his own moderate earnings to take him there, and would look after his family in the meantime. The man went under a promise not to spend a dime of the money so furnished for drink. After a while he got hold of some claims, began to make some remittanees to his friend, enough in all to libuidate the indebtedness for his outfit. At a still later day he returned to the city, paid all arrearages for family expenses, met his old friend and told him that from the hour he had been taken by the hand he had never spent a cent for liquor. If he had not done much, he had become a sober man. The friends parted at the steamboat landing; the White Pine man returning. In the hurry of the moment he recollected that he had a small package for his friend's wife, which he had nearly forgotten. The package contained a deed for the house and lot occupied by his benefactor. The property was worth about eight thousand dollars.

"Another 'dead broke' man recently returned from White Pine, and, meeting one of his creditors, began to talk about the old indebtedness. The creditor said the account was long ago outlawed, and he had quite forgotten the particulars. White Pine said that made no difference. He had come down with $15,000 in hand to pay his debts. His first business was to hunt up every creditor, paying him principal and interest, declaring that he had no right to count a dollar as his own until he had paid all his debts.

"We have heard of many other instances quite as notable. Now, if White Pine is going not only to develop millions of treasure, but is really going to help develop whatever is best in human nature, there will be no estimating the value of these new discoveries. It may yet fall to the lot of some ingenious moralist to consider White Pine as a 'means of grace.'"

[Form the Maysville (Ky.) Republican, 16th.]

Four Children Burned to Death.

On last Tuesday night the residence of Mr. Nelson Hurst was burned to the ground, and four of his children perished in the flames. Mr. Hurst lived within a mile and a half of Poplar Plains, in Fleming county, and, on the night of the destruction of his house, had gone with his wife to the residence of his father, where he had determined to remain until the morning. His family of seven children remained at the house in the care of his eldest daughter, a young lady about fifteen or sixteen years. At ten o'clock Mr. Hurst saw a bright light in the direction of his residence, and hastened toward it as fast as possible. He had more than a mile to travel before he reached it, and when he arrived at the scene it was too late to render any assistance. Four of his children had met death in the terrible fire, and the three survivors were standing helpless and nearly naked in the yard. One little boy of twelve years had exhibitted wonderful daring and self-possession.

When he was roused by the fire he ran to the assistance of the younger children, of whom he saved three, and he was engaged drawing the fourth from the flames when he was destroyed by the fall of the burning roof. Such heroism as was exhibited by this brave child has rarely been excelled.

It is not known whether the fire originated in an accident or was the work of an incendiary. The children were evidently sleeping at the time, else they might have easily escaped. It is probable that those who were destroyed were suffocated by the smoke, so that when the flames reached them they were insensible to pain. It is a remarkable fact that only the youngest children were saved. The eldest, including the young lady in charge of the house, were almost certainly suffocated before the alarm had been given. such a terrible calamity has never occurred within our recollection in this section of the country, and Mr. Hurst has the sympathy of all our people in his great loss.

The Demand for Cuban Recognition.

Although the South supplies fillibusters for Cuba, the Southern Press expends both irony and criticism on the false position in which the recognition of the Cuban insurrection would place the Government of the United States. The impossibility of reconciling the comparatively unorganized insurrection now going on with the position assumed by the Government in regard to the recognition of the Southern rebellion by foreign Powers, forms the obvious text of a sharp discussion. The New Orleans *Picayune* condenses this aspect of the case against recognition into a couple of sentences:

If Mr. Seward was logically right in contending that a confederacy composed of eleven States, some of them older than the Government of the United States itself, in actual possession of a territory larger than the Kingdom of Spain, with a Government fully obeyed by many millions of people, and holding, at the time, ports extending along seas and gulf for two thousand miles, was the sign only of a mere local commotion, which other Governments could not invest with the rights of belligerence without manifest wrong to the sovereignty of the United States, how could Mr. Fish argue with Spain that the United States may, in good faith, acknowledge an insurgent Government in Cuba—which has no local habitation, no known constituency, no defined area of territory, and no known means for holding communication with the world, outside of the coasts of the island, or even with its coasts? If the Confederates were mere insurrectionists, not entitled to belligerent rights at all—with what face can Mr. Fish, or any successor, accord the rights of belligerents to roving, unorganized bands, however numerous, in the interior of an island, which has belonged to Spain since the first discovery of America by a continuous title, which all the early Administrations of our own Government undertook to protect, by refusing to be a party even to a protectorate which would give other nations the privilege of interfering, and by avowing more than once that we would not permit any European Power but Spain to hold the island, either by conquest or by purchase?

—It is authoritatively announced that the capital stock of the *Courier-Journal*, Louisville, is owned by three parties exclusively, W. H. Haldeman, Henry Watterson and Isham Henderson. It is divided as follows: Mr. Haldeman holds $151,000, Mr. Watterson $75,000, and Mr. Henderson $74,000. The stock brings a premium in the market, but is not for sale.

GAS FIXTURES.

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se6:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

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ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
87 Market Street.
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
Very Cheap.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
ap3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

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BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $500 to $1500, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—An entire new stock of
KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS;
HAINES BROS., PIANOS;
PRINCE & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS and TREAT, LINSLEY & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
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MERCHANT TAILORS.

M'PHERSON & MUHLANBRING,
No. 10 Sixth (Late St. Clair) Street.
(Successors to W. H. McGEE & CO.,)
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Have just received their carefully selected stock of Spring and Summer Goods, and will be glad to show or sell them to old and new customers. The Cutting Department will still be superintended by Mr. C. A. MUHLANBRING.
I take pleasure in recommending the above firm to the liberal support of the public.
mh11:181 W. H. McGEE.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

PERCIVAL BECKETT, MECHANICAL ENGINEER and Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, No. 79 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.
N. B.—Branch office, Washington, D. C. ap6

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GREAT AUCTION SALE
CONTINUED,
OF
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
ENTIRE STOCK OF
Fancy Goods, Hosiery, Trimmings,
EMBROIDERIES,
FURNISHING GOODS, NOTIONS, &c., &c.
AT
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Having secured the store room, No. 29 Fifth avenue, lately occupied by A. H. English & Co., we have removed the entire stock of
MACRUM & CARLISLE
From their old store,
No. 19 FIFTH AVENUE,
And will continue
DAILY AUCTION SALES,
Commencing THURSDAY, April 1st, at 2 P. M. and at 10 A. M., 2 and 7 P. M. every day hereafter until the entire stock is closed out.
H. B. SMITHSON & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.
MACRUM & CARLISLE invite the attention of their old customers to the elegant new stock they have just opened at their new store, No. 27 FIFTH AVENUE. ap2

SECOND ARRIVAL
OF
New Spring Goods.
EMBROIDERIES.
A FULL LINE
In Jaconet, Hamburg and Swiss.
WHITE GOODS,
At the Lowest Prices.
FRINGES,
IN ALL STYLES AND COLORS.
LACE COLLARS, new style,
SILK SCARFS, for Ladies,
CORSETS, in white and colored,
VALENCIENNES AND THREAD,
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GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Jockey, Dickens and Derby Collars.
WHITE STAR SHIRTS,
COTTON HOSIERY
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
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mh26:

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WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh23:g41

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

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ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.
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Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
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SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, and all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

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CARPETS
200 PIECES
BODY BRUSSELS.
425 PIECES
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
450 PIECES
3-ply and 2-ply Ingrain.
The above includes all the Newest Styles and Designs, and are now in Store and arriving, to be sold
LOW FOR CASH,
AT
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO'S,
23 Fifth Avenue.
mh27

CARPETS.
We are now receiving our Spring Stock of Carpets, &c., and are prepared to offer as good stock and at as low prices as any other house in the Trade. We have all the new styles of Brussels Tapestry Brussels, Three Plys and Two Plys Best assortment of Ingrain Carpets in the Market.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
mh2:d&wT

NEW CARPETS.
A STOCK
UNRIVALLED
IN THIS MARKET
We simply request a comparison of
Prices, Styles and Extent of Stock.
The largest assortment of low priced goods any establishment, East or West.
McCALLUM BROS
No. 51 FIFTH AVE.
(ABOVE WOOD.)
mh12

SAVE TIME AND MO
M'FARLAND & COLLIN
HAVE NOW OPEN THEIR
NEW SPRING STO
OF
FINE CARPETS.
ROYAL AXMINSTER,
TAPESTRY VELVET,
ENGLISH BODY BRU
The choicest styles ever offered in this m
Our prices are the LOWEST.
A Splendid Line of Cheap Carpets.
GOOD COTTON CHAIN CARPE
At 25 Cents Per Yard.
McFARLAND & COLLINS
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVEN
mh8 (Second

WINES, LIQUORS, &
SCHMIDT & FRID
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN.
WHOLESALE DEALERS
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409 PENN STREET,
Will Remove on the 1st of April
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
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FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
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Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and
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The only Steam Lithographic Establishn
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Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of
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Third street, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, April 17, 1869.

The fine weather which has prevailed during the past week, has imparted a better feeling in commercial circles, and business generally is improving, though it is not what ought to be at this season of the year. It is thought, however, that we will yet have a good spring and summer trade, though there is one thing apparent and the sooner it is understood the better, we must come back to the old way of doing business and be content, with smaller margins, and not expect to realize the profits that were realized during the war. Money is entirely too close for speculating, and, as a general thing, those who played the speculator during 1868, suffered severely, and are not likely to try it over again soon.

APPLES—Very scarce, and prime to choice may be quoted at $6@7 per bbl.

APPLE BUTTER—90@$1 per gallon.

BEANS—$3,25@3,50 per bushel.

BUTTER—Is very dull with a supply largely in excess of the demand, and prices have declined 5@7 cts per pound We now quote prime to choice Roll at 38 @42—one house reported having sold some 2,000 lbs prime to choice at 38@40.

CHEESE—Sales of New Western Reserve at from 15@20, as to quality, and New York Goshen at 22@23.

CARBON OIL—Is still quoted at 29@30 in a jobbing way for standard brands.

CORNMEAL—$1,75@1,80 per cwt.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches quiet and unchanged at 14 for quarters, and 18@19 for halves. Apples scarce and in demand at 12@14, as to quality.

EGGS—Continue dull with sales reported at 16@18.

FEATHERS—A shade firmer, and we now quote live geese feathers at 80 to the trade, and the usual advance in a retail way.

FLOUR—There is nothing new in the Flour, market worthy of special notice. We can now report a continued fair local demand but prices although steady are unchanged; Spring Wheat brands at $6,50@7; and Winter Wheat at $7,50@8. Rye Flour $7,25. Mill prices unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat is dull and unchanged at $1,45@1,50. Oats in demand and firmer, with offers to buy on track at 66 @67 and we now quote at 70@72 in store. Ear Corn is in demand at 78@80; Shelled is firmer with a little more inquiry, but unchanged. Rye is stronger and higher, with some inquiry and but little in market; may be quoted at $1,45 @1,46. Barley, but little offering and but little wanted; may be quoted at $2 for choice Spring.

HAY—Prime loose pressed is selling on wharf at $27@28, and tight pressed at $24@25.

HOMINY—$5,75@6 per bbl.

HEMP—$215@220 per ton.

LARD OIL—Sales No. 1 at $1,55@1,58.

MAPLE MOLASSES—Sales in gallon jugs at $1,50@1,75.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is in steady demand at 14@14¼ for Shoulders; 16½ for Ribbed, and 17¾@18 for Clear Sides; and 19¼ for Sugar Cured Hams. Steamed Lard 19, and kettle rendered, 19¾@20. Dried Beef 21. Mess Pork $32,00.

POTATOES—Sales at 70 on track and 75 in store.

PEANUTS—Quoted at 11 cts.

SEEDS—There is a very fair demand for Clover, with sales at $10@10,50, and Timothy at $3,50@3,75. Flaxseed quoted at $2,45@2,50.

SALT—May be quoted at $1,80@1,85 by the car load, and $1,95@2 for small lots in store.

WHISKY—Dull and unchanged.

Markets By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Cotton is without any decided change; sales of 1,800 bales at 28¾c for middling uplands. The receipts of Flour were 8,305 bbls. Flour is dull and heavy at 5@10c lower; sales of 5,300 bbls at $5,25@5,80 for superfine state and western; $5,90@6,25 for extra state; $5,85@6,75 for extra western; $6,80 @8 for good to choice white. Wheat extra at $5,95@6,20 for R. H. O.; $7@8,50 for extra St. Louis; $9@12 for good do, closing heavy; southern dull and drooping; sales of 300 bbls at $6,15@6,80 for common to fair extra; $6,85@11,75 for good to choice do. Rye Flour is dull with sales of 300 bbls at $5@6,75. Cornmeal is quiet. Whiskey nominal. The receipts of Wheat were 3,750 bushs; the market is dull at 1@2c lower for spring; sales of 28,000 bushs at $1,40@1,43 for No. 2 spring, delivered $1,42; No. 1 and 2 do afloat; $1,65@1,70 for white California; $1,70@1,73 for amber and Michigan; $2,17 for extra choice white Michigan. Rye is quiet; sales of 500 bushs western at $1,35. Barley is dull and heavy with sales of 6,000 bushs German and Turkish at private terms. Barley Malt is dull and unchanged. Receipts of Corn were 18,266 bushs; Corn heavy, 1c lower, with sales of 44,000 bush at 83½@85½c for new mixed western; 84@87c for old do in store and delivered. Receipts of oats, 13,464 bush. Oats dull and heavy; sales of 19,000 bush; 76c for western in store; 77½c for do afloat, also 10,000 bush delverable next week at 77c cash afloat. Coal quiet. Leather—hemlock sole steady and unchanged. Wool quiet; 225,000 lbs at 45@56c for domestic fleece; 25@41c for unwashed, and 40@50c for pulled. Rice dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar steady; 200 hhds Cuba at 11½@12¼c. Petroleum; crude quiet at 17c; refined bonded firm at 32½; 500 bbls for April at 32½c; 500 for May at 33½c. Hops quiet at 6@15 for American. Linseed oil quiet at $1,02@1,03. Spirits Turpentine quiet at 50@50½. Pork heavy and a shade lower; sales of 650 bbls at $30,75@30,87 for new mess; $30,62@30,75 for old do; $26,00@26,25 for prime; $28,50 @29,00 for prime mess. Beef dull; 100 bbls at 8@16c for new plain mess; 12@18c for extra mess. Tierce beef dull; 140 tierces at $23,00@28,00 for prime mess; $25,00@30,00 for India mess. Beef hams steady; sales of 175 bbls at $26,00@ 32,00. Cut meats steady; 175 packages at 12¾@13c for shoulders, and 16@17c for hams; middles quiet. Lard is a shade lower, with sales of 600 tcs at 17½@18¾c, chiefly at 18¼@18⅝c, for steam, and 18¾ @19¼c for kettle rendered. Butter quiet at 30@38c for Ohio, and 30@45c for State. Cheese firm at 18@22½c. Freights to Liverpool steady, with engagements for 15,000 bus corn per steam at 2¾d. Metals —Sheathing Copper is without decided change, with sales at 33c; ingot Copper firmer and more active at 23¾@23¾c for Lake; and 23½c for Baltimore. Pig Iron steady with a fair demand at $40@44 for Scotch pig, and $37@42 for American; Bar dull at $85@90 for refined English and American; Sheet quiet at $1,12@ 1,12¼ in gold for Russia. Nails firm at 4¾@5c for cut, 6¼@6½c for clinch, and 26@30c for horse-shoe.

CHICAGO, April 17.—Eastern exchange easy at par buying, 1-10 premium selling. Flour in fair demand for spring extras at $4,50@6. Wheat more active, unsettled and irregular sales of No. 1 at $1,13@1,15; No. 2 $1,01½@1,03, closing at $1,03; sales since the change at $1,02½. Corn unsettled; sales No. 1 at 55@55½c; new 44@48c, closing at 45½c for new. Oats more active and ¼@¼c lower; sales at 52@53c, closing at 52½c. Rye dull and nominal, closing with buyers at $1,14@1,15 for No. 1 fresh receipts. Barley dull, closing nominal, with sellers at $1,68. Highwines dull and firm; sellers 88c; buyers 87c. New Orleans Molasses $1@1,05. Sugar 14@15½c for common to choice. Mess pork inactive and nominal at $30,50 cash; $31, sellers for last half of May. Lard quiet at 17¾@18c. Bulk meats quiet. Dry salted bellies 14¾c packed; 14½c loose. Sweet pickled hams steady at 15½@16c. Hogs moderately active and firmer at $9,50@10,30. Receipts for the past 24 hours—8,354 bbls flour, 18,255 bu wheat, 68,610 bu corn, 11,204 bu oats, 1,875 bu rye, 2,640 bu barley, 1,225 hogs. Shipments—7,526 bbls flour, 15,389 bu wheat, 15,252 bu oats, 3,500 bu barley.

CHICAGO, April 17.—At open board this afternoon there was but little activity in grain. Wheat quiet and lower, No. 2 closing at $1,03¾. Corn is also quiet and the prices weaker at 44¾@45c for new. In the evening business was dull. A few lots of No. 2 spring wheat sold at $1,02¾ @1,03¾, closing at the inside. Other grains and provisions inactive and nominal. Beef cattle are steady; sales at $4,40 @4,50 for butchers' cows; $6@6,75 for fair to medium, and $7@7,50 for good to choice shipping steers.

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—Tobacco unchanged. Cotton; no public sales. Nothing doing in Flour; quiet and unchanged; fall super and spring sold at $5@5,70; choice extra $6@6,25; spring double extra $5,50@5,75; fancy $8,75@10,00. Wheat unchanged for fall, and prime red sold at $1,50, and low choice to fancy white $1,71@1,95; spring lower at $1,66 for No. 2, and was demoralized at the close. Corn firmer at 56½@60c in bulk, and 63½@66c in sacks. Oats firmer at 60½@ 65c. Barley; very little doing; choice Minnesota sold at $2,10@2,12. Rye better at $1,25@1,28. Whisky dull and nominal at 87@92c. Groceries unchanged. Provisions firm but rather irregular. Pork sold in a small way at $31@31,50. Dry salt loose shoulders from up the country sold at 11½c. Sweet pickled hams 13@13½c; clear rib better at 16¾c; clear sides 16¾@17c. Lard; buyers and sellers apart; choice tierce held at 17½c, without buyers. Receipts—2,600 bbls flour, 60,100 bush wheat, 2,900 bush corn, 2,300 bush oats, 1,100 bush barley, 200 bush rye.

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—Cotton easier at 28¼@28½c for middlings; sales, 5,200 bales; receipts, 1,592 do; exports, 3,572 do. Gold, 123¾. Exchange sterling, 143¼. Commercial, 143¼@142¾. New York sight, ¼ premium. Flrur steady at $6,00 for superfine, $6,25 for double extra, and $6,75 for treble extra. Corn quiet at 79@80c for white, and 85c for yellow. Oats scarce at 74c. Bran scare at $1,40. Hay firmer at $28,50 for prime. Pork dull at $32,00. Bacon better; sales at 13½c for shoulders, 17c for clear rib sides, and 17½c for clear sides. Lard dull at 18@19c for tierce, and 20@ 21c for keg. Sugar at 9@10c for common, and 13½c for prime. Molasses scarce at 50c for common. Whiskey dull; sales at 85c for western rectified. Coffee firm at 15¾c for fair, and 17½c for prime.

TOLEDO, April 17.—Flour dull and nominally unchanged. Wheat dull and 1½@2c lower, with sales amber at $1,43½ on spot, and $1,44½ buyer for May; white Michigan regular at $1,43. Corn dull and 1@2c lower, with sales No. 1 at 60c on spot, and 60c seller for June; No. 2 at 62½; closing at 62, with no grade at 61@ 61½. Oats quiet and in demand at 61c; No. 1 held a shade higher. Rye dull and nominal $1,28@1,30. Barley dull and nominal. Receipts—2,300 bbls flour, 4,700 bush wheat, 57,600 bush corn, 1,500 bush oats, 70 bush rye. Shipments—2,500 bbls flour, 8,900 bush wheat, 20,800 bush corn, 4,100 bush oats.

CINCINNATI, April 17.—Flour and grain unchanged, excepting Corn, which is scarce, there being none in the market; it could have been bought at 68c. Cotton dull at 27¼c for middling. Whisky dull at 90c. Provisions quiet, but holders are firm at extreme rates. Mess Pork $31. Bulk Meats 12¼@14¾c. Bacon 13¼, 16¾ @17¼c. Lard sold at 18c, but is mostly held at 18¼c. Butter dull at 35@40c. Eggs dull at 16@17c. No change in any other articles. Gold 133 buying. Exchange steady. Money market quiet.

CLEVELAND, April 17.—Wheat very dull but nominally unchanged. Corn in very good request for the local and interior trade and the market is steady at 71c for shelled from store, and 67c for ear on track. Oats in good demand and firm at 65c for No. 1 State. Rye quiet and in moderate request at $1,25@1,30 as to quality. Barley dull and nominal. Petroleum a shade firmer but quiet at 30@ 31c for refined standard white with an advance of 2@2½c for retail lots.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—Flour inactive but unchanged. Wheat comes in slowly; prime lots held firm; common unsaleable; red unchanged; amber $1,80. Rye steady and unchanged. Corn comes in slowly and is held firm; sales of 3,000 bush; yellow 90c; mixed western 86c. Oats firm; western 75c. Petroleum steady; crude unchanged; refined 32@ 32½c. Provisions and Whiskey unchanged.

BALTIMORE, April 17.—Flour dull and weak. Wheat nominally unchanged. Corn dull and lower; sales of white at 80@81c, and yellow at 84@85c. Oats steady and unchanged. Rye dull. Mess pork quiet at $32,00. Bacon firm and more active; sales of rib sides at 16½c; clear do, 17½c; shoulders, 14½c, and hams, 20@21c. Lard quiet at 19½c. Whiskey quiet at 91@92c.

MILWAUKEE, April 17.—Flour dull at $5,50@6 for city extras. Wheat dull and lower; sales of about 65,000 bu were effected at $1,03¾@1,04 for No. 2; $1,10 for No. 1 summer receipts. Oats dull at 53½c for fresh receipts. Corn in good supply at 54@55c. Rye steady at $1,13@1,14. Receipts—2,000 bbls flour, 22,000 bu wheat. Shipments—4,000 bbls flour, 15,000 bu wheat.

LOUISVILLE, April 17.—Tobacco sales 103 hhds. Common lugs, 500. Paducan cuttery leaf, 1700. Cotton 27. Mess pork $31,25; lard 18½; bacon shoulders 14; clear rib sides 17; clear sides 17½; bulk shoulders 13. Superfine flour $5,50 @6,00. Wheat $1,45@1,55. Oats 66@68. Corn 65@67. Hay $20@21. Whiskey 91.

MEMPHIS, April 17.—Cotton unchanged at 27½c; receipts 312; exports 364 bales. Flour dull at $5,50@6. Corn at 75c. Oats at 70c. Hay at $26. Pork at $32. Lard at 18@20c. Bacon quiet at 14c for shoulders, and 17½c for sides. Bulk meats dull at 12½@13¾ for shoulders, and 16½c for sides.

CHICAGO, April 17.—*Cattle Market.*—Beef cattle active and steady at $4,40@ 5,50 for common to good cows; $6@6,65 for fair to medium; $7@7,50 for good to choice shipping steers.

ST. LOUIS, April 17—*Cattle Market.*—Cattle unchanged with a moderate demand for butchers'; prices range at 3½@ 7c gross. Hogs unchanged at 8@10c; receipts 250 head.

DETROIT, April 17.—Wheat; receipts light; market quiet; extra white $1,78@ 1,80; No. 1 $1,60; No. 2 $1,38. Clover Seed firm at $9,25 per bushel.

BUFFALO, April 17.—Market generally dull and unchanged, except Timothy Seed, which advanced to $5.

NASHVILLE, April 17.—Cotton quiet but firm. Low middlings, 25½; good ordinary, 27½.

River and Weather.

LOUISVILLE, April 17.—River falling slowly; nine feet three inches of water in canal. Weather clear and pleasant.

RIVER NEWS.

The river appeared to be swelling slowly yesterday afternoon, with six feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks. Weather cloudy and warm with every appearance of rain. There are no arrivals to record. The Glendale from St. Louis, R. C. Gray from Cincinnati and New York from Nashville, are all due and will probably be found in port this morning.

The St. Marys left Cincinnati at a late hour on Friday night for Pittsburgh, having been delayed in making repairs.

The Waunita departed for St. Louis on Saturday with a good trip. Pilots—A. D. Reno and Tom Campbell.

The Grey Eagle arrived, and departed for Parkersburg on Saturday, with a good trip each way.

The Australia, Capt. Dan Moore, will be the first boat out for New Orleans.

The St. Marys, Capt. T. C. Sweeny, is the regular packet for Cincinnati tomorrow, leaving at noon.

We noticed the other day that Com. J. Rees had been made the recipient of a pet bear. Bruin was presented by the Com. to his son, who put it up at a raffle, and it was won by Capt. Martin of the Maggie Hays.

John A. Prosper, engineer of the United States Survey boat Tidioutelis supposed to have fallen overboard and drowned on Friday morning, near Captina. The boat was under way coming up stream when all hands were called to breakfast; the engineer was missing and upon examination, it was found that steam was blowing off freely, the gauges indicating about 190 pounds, and had it not been for this discovery the boiler, it is probable, would have burst in a few minutes longer. The boat was landed and prompt measure taken to cool down. Mr. Prosper leaves a wife and several children in Allegheny city. We understand he had fully intended to have his life insured for $5,000, after making this trip. Pity he did not attend to it before, as it is stated that he leaves his family in an almost destitute condition.

—The Wild Duck and Nick Wall arrived at St. Louis on Thursday.

—The Lawrence from St. Louis, passed by by Cincinnati on Thursday for Pittsburgh.

—The towboat Charleston was sold yesterday, by Captain Murdock, to Captain Bates, of the Pine Bluff, for $6,000.

—The Emma No. 3, was at New Orleans on Thursday, and the Kate Putnam arrived at Nashville the same day from Pittsburgh.

—The steamer Ida Stockdale, which has been wintering in the upper Missouri, passed Kansas City, bound for St. Louis on the 12th.

—The Louisville *Courier-Journal*, of Thursday says: Captain Pool yesterday sold two-thirds of the steamer Mollie Gratz to Captain George Whiteman, of New Albany, for $3,300. Captain Whiteman will take command of the Gratz, and run her between this port and Concordia. Captain Pool will have charge of the office.

—A dispatch from Sioux City, Iowa, announces the burning and sinking of the steamer Antelope, bound for Fort Benton, on Monday last, twenty miles above Yankton. The boat and cargo are a total loss.

Mary Hutchinson and L. C. Giroux were lost, and Dr. Pike badly burned.

The boat was owned by Carter & Conn and Captain Massie, her commander, and was valued at $20,000, and insured for $15,000, in Eastern offices. The cargo was mainly insured in the St. Louis offices.

The following is the insurance on the steamer Antelope. National, of Boston, $6,250; New England, Mutual and Marine, $3,500; Independent, of Boston, $1,000; Home, of Connecticut, $3,000; Firemen's, of Cincinnati, $2,000.

—ALLEGHENY CITY, April 16.—*Editors Gazette:*—You say in to-day's *Gazette* that the "Alaski," Capt. F. J. Oakes' "Big Gun," is the largest stern wheel boat of the present time. Beg pardon, but there is a stern-wheeler running at the present time on the lower river, by the name of "Louisiana," that is a mountain alongside of the "Alaski," both in size and capacity.

Yonrs, &c.,
GEO. E. RITTENHOUSE.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, April 16.—1 car ore, Brown & Co; 11 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 1 do do, Everson, Preston & Co; 5 do do, J W Porter; 2 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Zug & Co; 2 do do, Coleman, Rahm & Co; 2 cars oats, Willis Booth; 4 cars fertilizer, Seward & Emerson; 500 bbls flour, owner; 200 do do, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 200 do do, Culp & Shepard; 1 car bran, Keil & Ritchart; 400 sks flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 100 bbls do, Dan Wallace; 1 car hay, O H Allerton; 1 car staves, W Hastings; 22 pkgs produce, W H Graff & Co; 19 sks rags, Christy & Benham; 16 kegs apple butter, 4 pkgs butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 2 kgs butter, Vangorder & Shepard; 7 bbls apples, 3 pkgs butter, H Rea Jr; 3 cars corn, Scott & Gisal; 1 bbl tallow, A Tomlinson; 16 kegs nails, Dithridge & Son; 50 bxs cheese, T C Jenkins; 150 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 1 car barley, J M Miller; 6 bdls twine, H Gerwig & Co; 2 bbls eggs, 1 do beans, Woodworth & Davison; 20 tcs hams, Haworth & Dewhurst; 10 bbls vinegar, Hagan & Courtney; 12 bbls apples, Carter-McGrew & Co; 10 doz brooms, John Porterfield; 14 pkgs, J A Jacobs; 9 pkgs to, bacco, A Schaub; 1 car staves, W Hastings.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD April 17.—1 car barley, J M Carson & Co; 1 do lumber, H Algeo, Arnold 1 do do, Cromlow & Coon; 1 do do, Fuller, Donghead & B; 1 do N Y ore, Reese Graff & Dnll; 2 do W ore, Union Iron Mills; 1 do potatoes, J T Brown: 1 do do, Bruggeman & O'Brien; 1 do do, Van Gorder & S; 1 do fish, J H Lippincott; 10 bbls potatoes, H Riddle; 11 do do, Voigt, M & Co; 4 casks cheese, W H Graff & Co; 1 car wheat, Liggett & Co; 10 bbls potatoes, Robinson & Co; 3 do eggs, Woodworth & D; 40 do flour, Schomaker & L; 12 bdls chairs, Bedford Chair Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, April 17.—1 car shipstuff, R Knox & Son; 12 pkgs oatmeal, Chris Reiss; 32 sks rags, J M Patterson; 1 keg syrup, S Dyer; 3 cars clay, Spang, Chalfant & Co; 2 bbls eggs, F Beckert & Co; 6 pkgs, Fred Owens; 1 car metal, Lindsay & McCutcheon; 1 car shingles, McCurdy & McGinnis; 2 pkgs eggs, John Herbert; 20 bbls 40 sks flour, Voeghtly & Kepp; 25 hides, Stuckrath & Co; 1 car lumber, Boyd & Son; 45 bush potatoes, W W Knox; 1 car wheat, McKee & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, April 17.—25 bbls phosphate, Seward & Emerson; 1 car grain, Martin Brickell & Co; 1 do lime, D S Reynolds; 2 bbls eggs, 4 do onions, Van Gorder & S; 2 do eggs, 1 bx butter, L J Blanchard; 5 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 1 car grain, Scott & Gisal; 2 do cinder, Zug & Co; 1 do metal, M'Knight, Porter & Co; 1 do do, John Moorhead- 480 bbls oil, J Wilkins; 52 do do, Wilson & Co; 640 do do, Fisher & Bro.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, April 17.—11 bbls eggs, 1 bx tallow, F G Craighead; 1 car corn, McHenry & Hood; 4 do rye, Robb & H; 40 bbls whisky, L Stemm; 3 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 29 sks barley, F Schields; 21 do potatoes, Bricker & Co; 8 bdls paper, Pittsburgh Paper Manufacturing Co.

RIVER PACKETS.

ST. LOUIS.

FOR LOUISVILLE, CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—MARY DAVAGE AND BARGES, Capt. JAMES SHEDDON, Will leave as above on SATURDAY, 24th inst., at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to ap19 CHARLES BARNES, Agent.

MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS—The steamer AUSTRALIA.....Capt. ——, Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on WEDNESDAY, April 21st, at 4 P. M. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, GHRIEST, SWANEY & CO., ap2 Agents.

CINCINNATI.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG AND CINCINNATI. Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY- 12 M, Leaves Cincinnati EVERY FRIDAY—4 P. M. The swift and superb Sidewheel Steamer ST. MARYS, T. C. SWEENEY, Commander, will leave as announced above. For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or COLLINS & BARNES, Agents. N. B.—No Freight received on Tuesday after 11 A. M. mh29

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

1869.

NORTHERN LINE PACKETS,

FROM

St. Louis to Keokuk and St. Paul,

AND ALL INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

One of the splendid Sidewheel Steamers of this Line will leave St. Louis daily for Keokuk, Davenport, Dubuque, Winona, Stillwater and St. Paul. Through receipts for Freight and Passengers will be given to all points on the Upper Mississippi on steamers running from this port and connecting with the Northern Line Packets at St. Louis, thus enabling Consignees to get their Freight through without delay and at lowest rates. Apply to JOHN FLACK, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents, or to R. C. GRAY, mh26:g23 91 Water street.

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS. GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master. Freight will be received at all hours by JAMES COLLINS, FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, ap13 Agents.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

NEW GOODS.

FINE VASES,

BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.

NEW STYLES, DINNER SETS, TEA SETS, GIFT CUPS, SMOKING SETS, A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

R. E. BREED & CO.

100 WOOD STREET.

R. E. BREED & CO. R. E. BREED & CO.

NOTICE OF

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of

F. SELLERS & CO.,

and will continue the Provision and Lard Oil business as heretofore.

F. SELLER, J. L. DUNSEATH. PITTSBURGH, March 10, 1869. mh30:g55

SPRING

HATS,

An Immense Stock at Low Prices, at

McCORD & CO's,

131 WOOD STREET.

ap1

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers o

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c. office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET. ☞All orders promptly attended to.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All bills against the firm will be settled, and all dues collected by J. F. Caldwell.

J. F. CALDWELL, DAVID HARPER. PITTSBURGH, April 14, 1869. ap15-h45

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS 'popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Scale, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salamon, Bass, Stergeon, Herring and Macinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insur them a treat. mh25

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, GREEN OIL CLOTH FOR WINDOW SHADES. TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES, TABLE AND FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS IN EVERY VARIETY. J. & H. PHILLIPS, ap1 26 and 28 Sixth Street.

THE MAN, OR THE MEN, who hold PATRON'S TICKETS of the 2d and 3d SERIES OF WASHINGTON MEDALLION PENS, are hereby informed that the drawings were made January 29, 1869, and that circulars giving full information of the numbers drawn, will be sent to persons interested, on their addressing the WASHINGTON MEDALLION PEN COMPANY, New York. N. B.—READ THE TICKETS OF THE 4TH SERIES. fe23:f9

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON, 83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh. ☞Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

NOTICE.

I hereby warn all persons from trusting my wife, MARY ANN LYTLE, on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

ALFRED LYTLE. PITTSBURGH, April 6, 1869.

2,000 BUSHELS OF PEACH BLOWS. a15 DILLINGER & STEVENSON.

40 BARRELS OF SORGHUM MOLASSES. a15 DILLINGER & STEVENSON

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T GORMLY, 1814.

W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 271 Liberty Street,

(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se 1:y18

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.

No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART.

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., 349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, my24:b37

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET. ap13:x89

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 112 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ia12:r58

JOHN I. HOUSE..EDW. HOUSE....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

W. C. ARMSTRONG, Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 25 Market street.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.

J. M. GAZZAM,

Attorney-at-Law, has removed his office to No. 96 FIFTH AVENUE. ap14:h89

ETNA IRON WORKS.

SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails, Boiler Plate,

AND

WROUGHT IRON TUBES,

HAVE REMOVED

To Their New Warehouse,

ALLEGHENY CITY,

Corner of Sandusky street and the West Penna. and Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railways, where they are prepared to fill orders promptly. Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA. mh30:g30

REMOVAL.

THE CASH INSURANCE CO.

Has removed from its old office in Burke's Building, Fourth avenue, to

SECOND FLOOR,

PHELAN'S BUILDING,

No. 22 Fifth Avenue. ap1:g68

REMOVAL.

W. P. PRICE,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT, has removed to No. 21 (South side) DIAMOND, east of Federal street, Allegheny City. ap3:g77

REMOVAL.

W. C. ARMSTRONG,

(Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,) has removed to No. 25 MARKET STREET, a few doors above the old stand. ap9 h19

REMOVAL.—B. McLain & Co., Dealers in Real Estate Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages and other securities, have removed to their new Office, 104 Fourth avenue, Paulson's new Building. Any parties desiring to buy or sell Real Estate of any kind, Stocks or Bonds and Mortgages will do well to give them a call. mh27

LUMBER.

TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1½ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ½, 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar:
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Sagina Shingles.
200,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON, Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester, ap:6

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR,

PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to

FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.

This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.

PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND, Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND, Equal to best Ohio Flour.

WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL. R. T. KENNEDY & BRO., Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 133 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh. Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies, WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR. Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 n8

CEMENT, SOAP STONE, &c.

EDMUND LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturer of Warren's Felt Cement and Gravel Roofing Material for sale. ja5:39

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

On and after TUESDAY, November, 17th, 1868, trains will arrive at and depart from the Depot corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrives.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 A. M.	6:00 P. M.
McKeesport Accomd't'n	11:00 A. M.	2:05 P. M.
Ex. to and from Unt'n.	3:00 P. M.	10:10 A. M.
West Newton Accom'd	4:30 P. M.	8:35 A. M.
Braddock's Accomdt'n.	6:15 P. M.	7:50 P. M.
Night Ac. to McK'sport.	10:30 P. M.	6:45 A. M.
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton	1:00 P. M.	10:00 A.

For tickets apply to E. M. RAYMOND, Agent W. B. STOUT, Superintendent. no20

CHANGE OF TIME.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD,

On and after MONDAY, November 9th, 1868, TWO TRAINS DAILY will leave Pittsburgh Station, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

LEAVE PITTSBURGH.		ARRIVE IN PITTSBURGH	
Mail	7:15 a m	Mail	5:40 p m
Express	7:10 p m	Express	6:30 a m
Brady's B Ac	3:00 p m	Brady's B Ac	10:30 a m
1st Soda Works Accomd	10:50 a m	1st Soda Works Accomd'n.	8.20 a m
2d Soda Works Accomod'n.	5:00 p m	2d Soda Works Accomod'n.	3:40 p m

Church Train leave Pittsburgh at 1:10 P. M. Arrive at Pittsburgh at 9:50 A. M.

Passengers taking express train have but one change of cars between Pittsburgh, Buffalo and Oil Regions. Mail and Express Trains stop only at principal points. Mixed Way and Accommodatiod trains stop at all stations.

THOMAS M. KING, Ass't. Sup't, W. FOSTER HOPE, Ticket Agent. no9

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 22d, 1868, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail Express	3:13 a. m.	12:13 a. m.
Fast Line	10:13 a. m.	7:33 p. m.
Fast Express	2:58 p. m.	12:18 a. m.
Mixed Way	5:43 a. m.	6:43 p. m.
McDonald's Acc'n, No. 1	11:28 a. m.	8:33 p. m.
Steubenville Accommod.	3:38 p. m.	9:48 a. m.
McDonald's Acc'n, No. 2	5:08 p. m.	2:18 p. m.

☞2:58 P. M. Express will leave daily. 12:13 P. M. Mail will arrive daily. The 10:13 a. m. Train leaves daily, Sundays excepted, and makes close connections at Newark for Zanesville and points on Sandusky Mansfield & Newark R. R.

S. F. SCULL, General Ticket Agent, W. W. CARD, Sup't., Steubenville, Ohio. no25

1868.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

From Dec. 20th, 1868, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:

GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

Terms—Daily.		Semi-Weekly.		Weekly.	
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One month	75	Six mos	1.50	5 copies, each	1.25
By the week (from carrier.)	15	Three mos	75	10 " "	1.15
				and one to Agent.	

MOND AY, APRIL 19, 1869.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE — *Second page: Poetry, Ephemeris, Miscellaneous Third and Sixth pages: Financial, Commercial, Markets, Imports, River News. Seventh page: Interesting letter from Kansas City, Spicy News Items, Amusements.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 87¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 53½f.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 132 ⅜.

THE proposition for amendments to the State Constitution has been abandoned for the present, by the Ohio Legislature, for the want of time to give the required six months' notice.

THE Senate varies its grave official duties to-day, by a lecture upon Demonstrative Anatomy. Dr. NYE, of Nevada, will operate with his customary precision and skill, while Rhode Island has the unenviable honor of affording the subject of the demonstration. It is expected to be an instructive lesson upon the fatal consequences of youthful error.

THE lower branch of the Ohio Legislature passed, on the 16th, a bill prohibiting the erection of any bridge over the Ohio, connecting with the Ohio shore, with a main span of less than 400 feet, or elevated less than 115 feet above low water mark. Our advices are that this bill will be approved by the Senate of that State. For this measure we are indebted, not only to the strenuous efforts of influences powerful at Cincinnati, but to the wise sagacity of the legislators who cannot consent to sacrifice to corporate privilege the rights of their people, in a natural highway which coasts their territory for nearly five hundred miles. Whether the Baltimore and Ohio Railway corporation expect to defy the State sovereignty of Ohio, as successfully as they have, for the present, smothered the popular complaints of Pennsylvania and West Virginia in the Federal Congress, remains to be seen.

THE DUTY OF THE SENATE.

The country reposes an unlimited confidence in the prudent dealing, of the present Administration, with all the domestic and international questions likely to spring out of the insurrection, in Cuba, against the Spanish authority. They are but few, who believe that the President inclines to discard the traditional policy of the Republic, by measures, either overt or indirect, in the direction of an encouragement to the existing insurrection in the territories of a power at peace with our own. No one credits the sensational rumors from Washington, which intimate, or broadly assert, that the President desires, either directly or by indirection, to reinforce the rebellious movement in that island with the palpable sympathies of the American Government, or through such a harsh and needlessly rigid intervention, for the protection of the just rights of our own citizens, as practically to aid the insurgents by the pressure of international questions upon the Spanish authority.

We are not unaware of the existence of serious difficulties in the proper treatment, by our own Government, of such questions as the situation is likely to present. The Colonial authorities are prone to mistakes, in the execution of their laws, which will too often involve inadmissible infringements upon the comity of nations. Our commercial relations with Cuba are varied and extensive. Our flag floats always from the American shipping in its ports. Thousands of American citizens are residents, for longer or shorter periods, upon the island. The police and customs regulations of Cuba have always been arbitrary, and enforced with despotic and unrelenting vigilance. This was the case long prior to the rebellious outbreak, and, in the nature of things, that vigilance and inflexible rigor are not likely to be relaxed when rebellion is defying the domestic authority, and when an unfriendly sympathy menaces an armed intervention from a foreign, but neighboring coast. Cases must occur—cases do occur daily—when Americans invoke the protection of their own Government, against what are claimed to be unjustifiable aggressions upon their personal rights by the Cuban authorities.

We have no reason to believe that these cases will be denied that public protection to which they may be entitled. We have as little reason to fear that this protection will outstrip the just limits of international law. We are assured that an adequate exhibition of American force in the Cuban waters, with ample instructions to our resident political agents, will ensure the investigation of these cases, as they may occur, with the needful reparations of any personal injustice. Beyond that, our government should not, and we think will not, go.

But we are bound to admit that a gravely uneasy feeling of vague apprehension is now pervading the public mind, in reference to the Administration-policy towards Cuba. We believe that there are no just grounds for the fears which may be entertained, and that the country should be completely assured on that point, and at once. The Senate is still in session. It has a co-equal jurisdiction with the Executive, in the foreign policy of the Republic. This body has already placed its judgment of the Cuban question clearly upon its record, in tabling the mischievous resolutions of two recent sessions, by which the House would have fatally compromised this country as well toward England as with Spain. Yet the country would welcome some expression, from the Senate, of a character yet more decisive. A resolution which should combine the clearest avowal of the National obligations toward our own citizens, with a frank and explicit disclaimer of the policy of propagandism and annexation, as to the Spanish West Indies—which should at once shield and warn our own people, which should reassure the confidence of Spain in our international faith, and which should be notice to all the world that the Republic abides by its own doctrines of the past eight years—such a resolution would satisfy the country, and would give a vast moral strength to our position upon questions of more gravity with other powers. The Senate owes precisely such an expression to its own dignity, to its rights as an element in the administration of foreign affairs, and to the current popular anxieties.

A LARGE TRANSACTION.

Our neighbors of West Virginia are reminded, in the recent nomination of Ex-Senator CARLISLE for a foreign mission, that their State has been singularly unfortunate, in the class of its citizens who have been thus far successful in securing, in the name of the people, places of trust and profit. Two such Senators as were CARLISLE and VAN WINKLE, have been a great burden—quite too much to be comfortably borne by the loyal and honest West Virginians,—without the still existing danger that a tardy repudiation of the former may be followed by the transfer of his contemplated honors to another political adventurer, of even less favorable reputation among the people. Yet, as if the painful record which those unworthy Senators have inflicted upon an abused constituency were not enough, West Virginia again finds herself deploring another betrayal of her interests—this time material and not political—by a citizen who has been honored with the highest trusts—her Ex-Governor and present Senator, Mr. BOREMAN. This gentleman has recently availed himself of his Senatorial position, to transfer one of the most valuable rights, an essential element to the material prosperity, of a very considerable portion of the people of his State, to a private corporation. His vote, to sustain the usurpations of the Baltimore & Ohio Railway Company, in the matter of the bridges across the Ohio, from two points on the West Virginia shore, deserves the severest denunciation of his constituents. It was neither statesman like, nor even faithful to his official duty. It was a flagrant disregard of the rights of the people in all the entire Northern third part of West Virginia; it was, and has been properly so denounced, an impudent disregard of the comity which should ever be regarded by adjoining States; it was either an ignorant or an impudent perversion of the facts involved in this question of the free navigation of the Ohio, and it was, more than all that, a palpably weak and short-sighted disregard of the future interests of those Southern regions of his State, which the Sandy and Kanawha Rivers drain.

Said Mr. BOREMAN, in replying to an objection made in a Committee-room of the Senate, the other day: "There need be no apprehensions as to the coal-supply of the lower Ohio valley, by reason of the bridge-obstacles at Bellaire and Parkersburgh. The Sandy and Kanawha rivers, below these bridges, will be able to supply all the lower markets." This was the substance of his argument—the argument of an attorney for his railway clients, and not the grave and well-considered plea of a faithful Senator. He degraded his trust, and betrayed the interests of his people, in this paltry make-shift. We do not impugn his motives: that may be left to an outraged constituency, who will not overlook their own duty in the premises. Nor shall we discredit the universal belief, at Washington and elsewhere, that he is the Senatorial attorney of the Baltimore railway. Be that fact as it may, a paid attorney for the corporation could have not said and done more than he effectively did, to promote its special interests.

We believe that the people of the Northern portion of his State will yet induce the Senator to understand, that they have a direct interest in the free navigation of the Ohio, above the mouth of the Sandy, clear up to Pittsburgh, and thence to the headwaters of the Monongahela, drawn as these are from West Virginian territory; that, as a Wheeling journal has well said, this river constitutes the natural highway for a West Virginian population dwelling upon its banks along a course of one hundred and fifty miles, and that they, the people, own the unobstructed stream, by a natural right prior to any constitutions, and above the reach of any corrupt betrayal. He will learn that the corporate usurpations, which one law would attempt to justify above the mouth of the Sandy, are equally to be warranted below that point, as soon as any railway company shall hereafter see fit to demand the same right of bridging the lower stream. No logic excuses, and no state of the facts can maintain the arbitrary distinction of the law of '62, at any specified point along the river. The arguments for the bridges now proposed will apply with equal force to future erections lower down. The colliers and lumberers of the Kanawha have no future safety for themselves, except in holding up the hands with which the people of the Ohio and Monongahela vallies resist the complete abrogation of a principle common in its protection for the entire territory which the Ohio drains.

West Virginia is really a noble State. Her people have been tried as by fire, and have come out of the ordeal, true patriots and loyal sons of liberty. We wish they were better served by better men in their high places. But their eyes are as open to civic defections as to political treachery,—to venality as well as to treason,—to official incompetency as well as to personal corruption—to their own solid interests as well as to all just claims under the comity of States—to the perilous fallacies of lawyers as well as to the insolent arrogance of placemen, who blindly fancy themselves above popular retributions. Such a people are not to be sold, by even Senator BOREMAN, nor even to so powerful and wealthy a corporation as his present clients, without a word to interpose for themselves. The Senator has undertaken too extensive a transaction; negotiate as he may, he will find insuperable difficulties in delivering up the larger half of his constituency to the Baltimore and Ohio corporation, according to that contract which recent events have exposed.

THE PUBLIC INTEGRITY.

Congress repudiates all the Indian treaties, including those which expressed its own settled policy of one year ago—that of gathering the tribes upon large reservations, where they might be restrained from warfare, protected from white encroachments, and instructed in the arts and industry of peace. The same day, which heard its vote repudiating these engagements recorded at the Capitol, also saw from twelve to twenty thousand Indians gathered about our military posts in their territory, drawn thither by these promises, or driven in by vast military efforts to enforce their submission. Now comes this report from the plains. We think that it may be relied upon:

A large number of the Indians with whom General Sherman and other Peace Commissioners made treaties last summer are much dissatisfied with their situation and the manner in which they have been used. They say that the Government has got them penned in, and has failed to keep its promise to give them the annuities stipulated. Spotted Tail and other influential chiefs are losing confidence in the Government, and if the promises of its agents are not fulfilled this summer, trouble will be the result.

Need any one be surprised to hear this? Have the Indians no rights, has our own good faith itself no claims, which a civilized and Christian people are bound to respect? Let us be ready to hear, as we shall hear, that the red men are faithless, and that no degree of fidelity on our own part to our treaty engagements, would have saved us from the annual outbreak of savage hostilities when the spring grass comes. But who shall so imprudently disregard the patent facts of the past year's experience as to assert that we have ourselves no responsibility, for the natural results of our own vacillating and faithless repudiation of solemn obligations, which were authoritatively sanctioned by the Peace Commission, and which we enforced with SHERIDAN'S troops at a cost of thirty millions of dollars? Better, let us avow the policy of a complete extermination of these miserable creatures, at once. Better to harry them with fire and steel, with a force large enough to butcher the last Indian survivor before the next frost, than this policy which alternates between war and peace, between four months of nursing and eight months of bootless but expensive hostilities, and which promises nothing but another twenty years of frontier disturbance, and a perpetuity of National shame! We are about to send among these savage tribes a Commission of "citizens eminent for their philanthropy and integrity;" it will be the first proof they have have ever had of the integrity of the white man.

STILL FAITHFUL TO HIS COUNTRY.

Hon. ANDREW STEWART, of Fayette county, addresses a letter to the Secretary of the Treasury, with some practical and pointed considerations based upon the late free trade attack, under the auspices of Commissioner WELLS, upon the protective tariff policy of this country. We regret that our limited space precludes the republication of the full text of this letter, which is written in the most forcible and incisive style of the earlier days of its venerable author.

Mr. STEWART directs attention to the significant fact, developed by Mr. WELLS himself, that the wages of European labor average less than half the rates paid in this country, and suggests the pertinent objection that our own labor claims protection from that ruinous competition. On the other hand, the free-traders, for whom Mr. WELLS has spoken, would meet the situation by a parallel reduction of the wages paid to American operatives. Mr. STEWART is right, as he always was, in holding to the sounder American doctrine.

Of the proposed revision of the tariff, to which the attention of the House Committee and of the Secretary are to be directed during the recess of Congress, Mr. STEWART remarks that certain rules should be borne in mind: 1st. that foreign luxuries, with such other articles as can and ought to be manufactured at home, should be taxed highest. As to the latter, production here would be stimulated, with an ultimate reduction in prices, actual experience showing that a great many articles so protected heretofore are now made at home, and sold at a price less than the amount of the duty originally imposed; 2d. Raw materials used by our manufacturers should be admitted at the lowest rates, or free of duty altogether; 3d. The taxes, burdens and expenses of our labor should be made as light as possible; 4th. The preference for specific over ad valorem duties; 5th. The highest protection for those manufactures which stimulate the largest consumption of our own agricultural products.

The declaration with which Mr. STEWART—who promises to write again—concludes this letter, will be commended by every enlightened judgment. He says:

The thorough revision of the present tariff, incongruous and defective in many of its provisions, will, in my judgment, do more to improve our finances, promote the national prosperity, and hasten specie payments, by keeping our gold at home to enrich our own people instead of foreigners, than any other measure that Congress can adopt.

HON. RUSSELL ERRETT.

This gentleman, recently a Senator from Allegheny county, by his devotion to the interests of the people, in the direction of an economical expenditure of the public funds, exposed himself to the personal ill-will of certain petty officials in and about Harrisburg. One of these, having access to types, as the editor of the *State Guard*, printed a malignant and abusive attack upon our Senator's personal motives as well as his public course. We copy, below, Mr. ERRETT'S remarks, replying to that attack and vindicating himself. It is but simple justice to add that these remarks were fully supported by the hearty concurrence of other Senators, irrespective of political opinions. Messrs. BILLINGFELT and WHITE, (Reps.,) and SEARIGHT and DAVIS, (Dems.,) all gave their strongest affirmative testimony, acquitting our Senator on all points. After the reading of the abusive paragraph in question, by the Clerk, Mr. ERRETT said:

Mr. Speaker, this infamous article is an illustration of the truth that the man who conscientiously tries to serve the State, gets no thanks for it, whilst he who simply takes care of himself is one of the finest fellows alive.

I have endeavored, during my short term in the Senate, to serve the State to the best of my ability; to promote her prosperity, to cut down the expenses of the government, to establish economy as its rule, and to ward off every attempt to get wrongfully at the public funds.

My record, here, will show that I have voted against almost every claim that has been brought up here, against the State; that on the appropriation bills, I have invariably tried to keep the appropriations down; that as a member of the Committee of Retrenchment and Reform, I brought in a bill here which, notwithstanding the unwise departure from its provisions by the House, has saved the State, at this session alone, over fifty thousand dollars; that I have resisted every attempt to increase salaries or create new offices: and that I have endeavored, by demonstrating to my fellow Senators, the true financial condition of the State, to keep them from appropriating more money than we had to spend.

My colleagues, also, in the Finance Committee, will bear me witness that I have there, invariably, voted against everything that took money out of the Treasury that was not imperatively required; and that in amending appropriation bills my voice has always been for reduction and retrenchment; even to the extent of seeming niggardliness.

My colleagues on the Appropriation Conference Committee will also bear me witness that I labored there with earnestness to keep the bill within the bounds fixed by the Senate, and against any attemps to strike out the wholesome reforms incorporated in the bill.

As to the appropriation bill itself, I was opposed to paying the extra employes of the House, and to the appropriation to the Erie Hospital. I voted here in the open Senate against giving that hospital anything; but as I was voted down in that, I concluded, when in the Conference Committee, that if the State intended to build that hospital, as the vote of both Houses indicated, it was true economy to give it enough to put the building under roof, instead of barely enough to pay part of its debts and leave it unfinished. And I found the House so determined to stand by its extra officers, and so firm in the conclusion to let the bill fall rather than yield that point, that I thought it better to give up that, rather than risk the defeat of the bill or the calling of an extra session.

It was for that reason, and for that alone, that I consented to the bill as it stands. I am not satisfied yet with those provisions; but as so much was gained by its passage that would otherwise have been lost, and as a man is not justified in demanding to have everything he wants, I thought it wisest to meet the House in its much more than halfway concessions.

Notwithstanding the malignity of this common scold and false-hearted libeller, the appropriation bill is the best that has been passed here for many years—the lowest in amount and the best in its guards against extravagance. The provisions drawn up by myself and appended to the bill, prohibiting the payment of money to any purpose beyond the amount appropriated, is in itself, the nucleus of a great saving, and terminates a vicious practice which, hitherto, has rendered all our appropriation bills mere nullities, so far as the ordinary expenses of the Government were concerned. It also establishes, for the first time, the principle of excluding all merely local charities from the bill; and the provision abolishing the franking privilege and the printing of documents is, in itself alone, if rigidly followed up and adhered to, a saving of over fifty thousand dollars a year. Besides this, the check given by the bill to the steady tendency to increase salaries is a great point gained, and the stopping of the military history *ought* to save us at least one hundred thousand dollars, if the will of the two houses is to be respected.

But I expect to see this editor and his coadjutors insisting upon a disregard of this will and upon a continuance of that history, at an ultimate expense to the State of a quarter of a million. Let them try it and take the consequences.

This *State Guard* editor is State Librarian, and one of the Governor's pets. During the pendency of the appropriation bill he has been as quiet as a mouse, dreading the effect upon himself of anything he might say; but now that the bill is passed, and his salary has been increased one hundred dollars *above* what the law allows him, he vents all his spleen upon me, because I voted against making it one hundred dollars larger. His zeal for the State is measured by the amount he can get out of the State Treasurer beyond the amount allowed him by law; and as he has been able to get but one hundred dollars, he takes out the other one hundred dollars in abuse of me.

And this reminds me of another employe of the Governor, his private secretary, who, not having a newspaper to blackguard the people in, has devoted himself to it by word of mouth, availing himself of every place and opportunity to pour out abuse upon those who voted to reduce his salary and specially upon me. Whether he was the author of the beautiful homilies that have been sent us from time to time from the Executive Chamber, in favor of retrenchment and reform, I cannot say: but his course and that of the Governor's organ, is a singular comment upon the homilies.

My only regret, now, is that I did not let the appropriation bill stay dead yesterday, and pass in its stead a bill continuing the appropriation to the soldiers' orphans schools. We should have been able then to have got along without an appropriation bill, and these fellows who are in favor of any reform that does not touch *them*, would have been left out in the cold, to suck their thumbs and ruminate on their bad luck.

One word as to the tax bill. The assertion in this article that I had anything to do with its paternity is a lie out of the whole cloth. I never saw the bill, or knew what its provisions were until it came over here from the House; and the volunteered disclaimer that the Pennsylvania road had nothing to do with it is probably a piece with the rest. If that road had not a hand in getting that bill up, then I am not a judge of its ear marks.

Mr. Speaker, I am now about to leave this body, and I have a few words to say to those I leave behind me, and to those who will come after me. Do not, if you value the praise of the newspapers, strive to serve the State by voting against unjust claims, or by cutting down expenses. If you do, you will get nothing but curses. But vote next year to make the State librarian's salary two thousand dollars, raise the Governor's private secretary's salary to three thousand dollars, vote money with a lavish hand, say "aye" to every claim, open wide the doors of the treasury, be careful that, while taking everything out, you tread on no one's corns in putting money in, and you will be the best fellows alive—men with large hearts, statesmanlike abilities, and just the men for the place.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

Upon the final passage of this bill through the Senate of Pennsylvania, the following remarks were made by Senator GRAHAM, of Allegheny:

Mr. Speaker, I find this bill so greatly changed from what it was when submitted to the Committee of Conference, that I shall be compelled to vote against it. I find it changed in many important features. The Senate Committee informs us that the House Committee yielded everything that was asked except the payment of the additional employes of the House. Now, sir, I find, in listening to the reading of the report as it comes from the Committee of Conference, that the hospital at Erie, to which we appropriated ten thousand dollars upon the express condition that *nothing additional* would be asked for, has twenty thousand dollars appropriated. The Asylum for Insane, at Beaver, to which we refused, I think with only one or two votes in the negative, to make any appropriation, has two or three thousand dollars appropriated to it. The salaries of the officers in the different departments was reduced by the Senate. The Committee has restored them, and in a variety of other features I find that the Senate has yielded to the House. Again, sir, when the joint resolution authorizing the employment, by the House, of twenty-seven additional officers, was presented to the Republican caucus, I voted against it, and the proposition being then rejected, I believe, sir, that the action then taken would be a finality, and that the House would acquiesce. But the House determined that they would take the responsibility of these twenty-seven men, arguing that under the Constitution they had the right to elect or employ their own officers, and also to indicate and determine their number. They did so, and subsequently ascertaining that they had committed a blunder, they asked a caucus of Republican Sentors to *sanction* and *endorse* that error. In that caucus I again voted against recognizing the action of the House, and declared that I never would sanction any proposition legalizing that action. Now, sir, I am asked to vote for this bill which makes provision for the pay of twenty-seven men employed without authority of the law, and in direct opposition to the expressed will and desire of the Senate. Mr. Speaker, I do not wish to be factious or to act in opposition to my party friends. But there is a principle involved, which I think ought to be insisted upon, and if we are compelled to adjourn without an appropriation bill I shall feel justified in my action, and believe that I will be sustained by my immediate constituents and a majority of the people of this Commonwealth. I vote *no*.

OF THE election, by our State Senate, of Hon. C. H. STINSON, of Montgomery county, as Speaker, the Harrisburg *Telegraph* says:

Mr. Stinson is a gentleman of ability and experience, a faithful representative of the Fifth District, a watchful guardian of the interests of the State at large, possessed of fine executive qualities, and exceedingly courteous and pleasing in his manners. A better selection could not have been made.

AT THE last monthly meeting of the Baltimore and Ohio Railway Directors, the President made the interesting statement as follows:

The work upon the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Road is progressing satisfactorily, and it is proposed to place, at an early day, all the remaining sections under contract. No effort will be spared to open this invaluable and powerful line at the earliest practicable period.

A DISTINGUISHED preacher at the New York Methodist Conference, Sing Sing, was the "widow Van Cott." She is the only licensed female preacher in the State of New York, and during the past winter has created an intense religious excitement wherever she has spoken. A clergyman in the Conference states that she has converted nearly two thousand persons during the past year. She is represented as being eloquent, impulsive and astonishingly earnest. One clergyman stated that "she is a real staver." Some members of the Conference are in favor of her continuing in the good work, while others are strongly opposed. One of the latter asserts that if she be allowed to continue, he will look upon the fact as a triumph of female suffrage.

BAGGAGE SMASHERS.—The inconvenience and damage caused by the seeming malicious delight with which the employés of many of the railroads of the United States make in the reckless handling of the baggage passing through their hands, have attracted the attention of the Massachusetts Legislature. In that body there has recently been introduced a bill, which provides that any person whose duty it is to handle, remove or take care of the baggage of passengers, shall wilfully and wantonly injure or destroy any trunk, valise, box, package or parcel, while loading, transporting, unloading or delivering, or storing the same, he shall be punished by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in jail not exceeding two months.

PROF. T. C. PORTER, formerly of Franklin and Marshall College, and one of the most distinguished naturalists of the country, has nearly completed his elaborate description of the entire flora of Pennsylvania, embracing the forest trees, grasses and weeds injurious to cultivation, and also observations on the geographical range and their economic value. This is the result of more than twenty-five years of learned labor on the part of this eminent scholar, and he now offers the whole as a donation to the State. The Academy of Natural Sciences, of Philadelphia, lately passed a resolution urging the Legislature to publish it, and the State Agricultural Convention seconded the request.

A FEW evenings since, in Greenfield, N. H., a man and his son, named Haskell, aged respectively about seventy and eighteen, were called upon by about thirty men and boys, and treated to a ride upon a rail, a distance of about one and one-half miles, to the village, for the offence of abusing the wife and mother. They were made to take turns; while one rode the other carried one end of the rail, and *vice versa*. They were accompanied in their march by stirring music from the fife and drum, tin pans, &c. After being lectured upon the beauty and importance of a due regard for matrimonial and parental duties and obligations, they were permitted to return home without an escort.

THE Vienna *Medical Times* tells the following: "Last week, at the clinic, in the presence of a class of students, an operation of the stomach was performed by Professor Billroth. The operation was gone through with and the stomach properly sewed up. On the next day the patient died. A *post mortem* examination showed in the re-opened stomach a *large sponge*, which had been used during the operation, and which the operators had forgotten to remove!"

TRUSSES AND HERNIA.

The sad and deplorable condition of many who are afflicted with hernia or rupture of the bowels, calls loudly for some efficient and unmistakable remedy that will not only in every case give efficient relief, but in many cases effect a radical and thorough cure. These cases of hernia have become so frequent, that it is computed that one-sixth of the male population are said to be troubled, in some way or another, with this terrible ailment; and in very many cases do not know where to apply for an appropriate remedy, oftentimes not knowing whether an appliance is really needed or not; and if it should be needed, they often do not know where or to whom they should make application. The world is full of Trusses for the retention and cure of this lamentable evil, oftentimes an incontestable proof of their total and inadequate fitness to relieve the sufferer. This need not be; Dr. Keyser, at his new medicine store, No. **167** Liberty street, is abundantly supplied with every appliance, needful to the retention and relief of this terrible affliction, so that every one can be properly fitted at a moderate cost, with the full assurance that the appliance is the best that the mechanical department of surgery can afford. The Doctor has pursued the investigation of hernia with more than ordinary care for over thirty years, so that the afflicted can place implicit reliance on his skill and integrity with the full assurance that they will not only get the best truss, suitable to the case, but likewise a thorough and efficient knowledge of its proper application.

There are many persons who not only sacrifice their health, but even their lives, for want of a proper truss, or a truss properly applied. Strangulated and irreducable rupture, is a far more common ailment now than in former years; and may we not justly arrive at the conclusion, that its frequency is often occasioned by the neglect and carelessness of the sufferers themselves. No one would be regarded as sane or excusable who would go for a whole winter without the proper clothing to shield them from the inclemency of the weather, but, at the same time, it is thought a light affair to suffer for years with a protrusion that not only subjects the person to inconvenience, but even places life itself in jeopardy. Those of our readers who may be unfortunate to need appliances of this kind cannot act more wisely than to cut this advertisement out and preserve it, so as to enable them to retain the place where such important preservers of life and health are to be procured.

DR. KEYSER'S NEW MEDICINE STORE, NO. **167** LIBERTY STREET, TWO DOORS FROM ST. CLAIR. CONSULTATION ROOMS, No. **120** PENN STREET, from **10** A. M. until **4** P. M. aps

THE PUREST AND SAFEST.

The efficacy of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS as a specific for recruiting the enfeebled body and cheering the desponding mind has passed into a proverb. In the United States where this marvelous tonic has borne down all opposition and eclipsed all rivalry, the demand for it has annually increased in a heavier and heavier ratio for years, until, at last, the regular sales of this preparation exceed those of all other stomachics combined. Eminent members of the medical profession and hospital surgeons without number, have candidly admitted that the pharmacopiae of the faculty contains no prescription that produces such beneficial effects in dyspepsia, general debility and nervous diseases, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. To use the language of a venerable physician of New York, "The Bitters are the purest stimulant and the safest tonic we have." But the uses of the great vegetable antidote are much more comprehensive than such praise would imply. As a PREPARATORY ANTIDOTE to epidemic disease, a genial stimulant, a promoter of constitutional vigor, an appetizer, a stomachic, and a remedy for nervous debility, no medicinal preparation has ever attained the reputation of HOSTETER'S BITTERS. It is the HOUSEHOLD TONIC of the AMERICAN PEOPLE, and in all human probability will be so for centuries to come. The magnates of Science recognize its merits; and that it is emphatically the medicine of the masses, is proved by its vast and ever increasing sale

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OLD FOLKS' CONCERT.

The original "Old Folks," of this city, will give

TWO GRAND CONCERTS,

In full costume, at

LAFAYETTE HALL, Wood Street,

ON

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS,

APRIL 22d and 23d.

Tickets 50 cents, to be procured at the Music and Book stores, or at the door. Concert commences at 8 o'clock. ap1 :h68

RARE CHANCE to purchase a good Dwelling House. Only $6,000 for a well built and conveniently arranged brick house of hall, nine rooms and cellar, gas and water fixtures in cellar and on each floor, well painted and papered and in good order. Terms easy; immediate possession. In desirable location on Second avenue. Apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
ap19 39 Sixth Avenue.

TRIPOLI SOAP.—A new arti- CLE for cleaning and polishing Plate Glass Windows, Looking Glass, Silver Plated and Tin Ware, Paints, &c.

The best article out; received and for sale by the dozen or single cake by

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
ap19 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

PROCTER AND GAMBLE'S FAMILY LARD.

20 cases 3 lb. cans;
20 do. 5 lb. cans;
20 do. 10 lb. cans. Now in store and for sale.

This Lard is bound to go into universal use where it can be had. The cans being of convenient size, easy to handle, and free from liability to damage by dirt or otherwise, and withal so near the price of tierce lard to the wholesale dealer, that he will surely patronize us with his orders.

ap19 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

ASSIGNEE SALE OF MATE- RIAL AND MANUFACTURED WORK, OF THE FALLSTON WOODEN WARE WORKS.—THURSDAY MORNING, April 29th, at 10 o'clock, by order of W. A. Lewis, Esq., assignee of Bailey & McCandless, will be sold on the premises, at the Fallston Wooden Ware Works of Bailey & McCandless, all the material and manufactured ware, comprising Palms, Oils, Zinc, Whiting, Umber, Ochre, &c., Tub Iron, Bucket Iron, Chains, Ropes, Skiff, and all articles used in the manufacture of Tubs and Buckets. Also, large lot of Staves and Lumber, and a fine lot of finished Keelers and Tubs.

Train leaves Pittsburgh at 7:28 A M.
ap19 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

RAILROAD LETTING.

St. Louis, Vandalia & Terre Haute R.R.

Proposals will be received until 12 o'clock M., MAY 5th, addressed to McKEEN, SMITH & Co., Chief Contractors, Terre Haute, Indiana, for the last fifty-seven (57) miles of this road. The work is of the most desirable character, comprising both very heavy and also light work. PAYMENTS, MONTHLY, IN CASH. Profiles can be seen at the office in Terre Haute, after April 26th.

J. IMBRIE MILLER,
Consulting Engineer.

TERRE HAUTE, April 16, 1869. ap16:h69

J. L. DILLINGER.....A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN

Pure Rye Whiskies.

IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.,

No. 87 Second Avenue,

ap19 PITTSBURGH, PA.

LOTS, LOTS, LOTS,

AT AUCTION,

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 24,

AT THREE O'CLOCK, a highly attractive auction sale of Building Lots will take place on the property of Mr. Dinn, on and near the Perrysville road and Observatory grounds, and fronting the residences of Mr. McClintock and Mayor Drum. There are seventeen lots ranging in size from 24 by 31 to 25 by 100 feet. The situation is really delightful, being on gently rising ground, from which very fine views of the adjacent country are obtainable. It is within easy walking distance of the city, and yet free from its smoke and dirt. It is within five minutes' walk of the Pleasant Valley Street Railway.

To men who wish to secure a homestead in a locality bound to progress in advantages and value, the present is an exceedingly favorable opportunity. Now is the time to strike for a home. Good lots near the city at low prices are getting rare.

Terms of sale—Half cash; balance in one and two years. Call and see plat at office of
ap19 A. LEGGATE, Auct'r.

BATES

&

BELL

HAVE RECEIVED THE

LATEST NOVELTIES

IN

Shawls,
Suits in Linen,
Suits in Silks,
Dress Goods,
Silks,
Underclothing,
Linen Goods,

TO WHICH THEY INVITE

YOUR ATTENTION.

ap19-MWF

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK.

THE PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK

HAS REMOVED TEMPORARILY TO

No. 81 Fourth Aaenue,

immediately opposite to its former location, where it will remain until the Safe Deposit Company building is completed, when the Bank will then be located in that building.

S. F. VON BONNHORST,
SECRETARY AND TREASURER.
April 14, 1869. ap17:h:4

JOSEPH TORRENS,

MANUFACTURER OF

WINDOW GLASS.

Warehouse—No. 27 WOOD STREET,
mh19:17 Pittsburgh

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY.

The May Number of

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE,

With a Full Page Illustration.

CONTENTS:

I. BEYOND THE BREAKERS: A NOVEL. PART V. By Hon. Robert Dale Owen.
II. MAY APPLES: A POEM.
III. SALMON FISHING.
IV. HANS BREITMANN IN POLITICS—PART III. 1. The author asserts the vast intellectual superiority of Germans to Americans. 2. Showing how Mr. Twine "played off" on Smith. By Charles G. Leland. Illustrated.
V. ROUGEGORGE. A TALE. By Harriet Prescott Spofford.
VI. LIFE IN COAL MINES.
VII. A FEW CURIOUS DERIVATIVES. By Prof. Henry Coppee.
VIII. DICK LYLE'S FEE. A STORY OF THE DAY. By L. Clarke Davis.
IX. SPECTRUM ANALYSIS.
X. EARL DOUGLAS, OF PHILADELPHIA.
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J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Publishers,

715 and 717 Market Street,

ap17:h67 PHILADELPHIA.

A GREAT REMEDY

FOR THE CURE OF

THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES.

Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial.

It is the vital principle of the Pine Tree obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the tar, by which its highest medical properties are retained.

It is the only safeguard and reliable remedy which has ever been prepared from the juice of the Pine Tree.

It invigorates the digestive organs and restores the appetite.

It strengthens the debilitated system.

It purifies and enriches the blood, and expels from the system the corruption which scrofula breeds on the lungs.

It dissolves the mucus or phlegm which stops the air passages of the lungs.

Its healing principle acts upon the irritated surface of the lungs and throat, penetrating to each diseased part, relieving pain and subduing inflamation.

It is the result of years of study and experiment, and it is offered to the afflicted, with the positive assurance of its power to cure the following diseases, if the patient has not too long delayed a resort to the means of cure.

Consumption of the Lungs, Cough, Sore Throat and Breast, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Blind and Bleeding Piles, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Diptheria, &c., &c.

We are often asked why are not other remedies in the market for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, and other Pulmonary affections equal to Dr. L. Q. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial. We answer—

1st. It cures, not by stopping cough, but by loosening and assisting nature to throw off the unhealthy matter collected about the throat and bronchial tubes, causing irritation and cough.

2d. Most Throat and Lung Remedies are composed of anodynes, which allay the cough for awhile, but by their constringing effect, the fibres become hardened, and the unhealthy fluids coagulate and are retained in the system, causing disease beyond the control of our most eminent physicians.

3d. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial, with its assistants, are preferable, because they remove the cause of irritation of the mucous membrane and bronchial tubes, assist the lungs to act and throw off the unhealthy secretions, and purify the blood, thus scientifically making the cure perfect.

Dr. Wishart has on file at his office hundreds and thousands of Certificates, from Men and Women of unques tionable character who were once hopelessly given up to die but through the Providence of God were completely restored to health by the Pine Tree Tar Cordial. A Physician in attendance who can be consulted in person or by mail, *free of charge.* Price of Pine Tree Tar Cordial $1.50 per Bottle, or $11 per doz. Sent by Express on receipt of price. Address, "L. Q. C. Wishart, M. D., No. 232 North 2d Street, Philadelphia, Pa."

THE CO-OPERATIVE

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Western Pennsylvania.

CAPITAL STOCK.....$200,000.

OFFICE: No. 123 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, and 1,111 Carson St., Birmingham.

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This HOME INSTITUTION is now fully organized, and claims that its peculiar Co operative system enables it to offer to its patrons greater Economy, Simplicity, Equality, Convenience and Liberality, than can be had with equal security in any other, and only asks an intelligent comparison with the most popular Companies doing business on the ordinary plan. ap16:MWF

BOYS' CLOTHING.—The lar- gest and most complete stock of

Boys', Youths and Children's Clothing,

For the present season, is to be found at

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

ap16 47 SIXTH STREET. (late St. Clair.)

"MARVELS OF CHEAPNESS."

DICK'S SHAKESPEARE. Complete, post 8vo, 1,007 pages, 37 illustrations.....50c.
Do. do. do. do. cloth.....$1.00
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DICK'S BRITISH DRAMA. Illustrated, comprising the Works of the most celebrated Dramatists. Complete in 4 vols., each vol. containing 21 plays. Per vol.....50c.
DICK'S HOGARTH. Royal quarto, cloth, gilt.....$3.00

This Work is got up in the handsomest style, no expense being spared to produce engravings worthy of the originals. A fine paper is used, and altogether the volume is a miracle of beauty and cheapness.

POETICAL WORKS OF ROBERT BURNS. Complete. Glasgow Edition, with Memoir, Preparatory Notes, and Marginal Glossary, beautiful portrait, and other illustrations, forming the cheapest large type edition of the poet's Works ever issued.....50c.
Do. do. cloth.....$1.00
Scottish Chiefs, 256 pages.....25c.
Children of the Abbey.....25c.
Thaddeus of Warsaw.....25c.
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S. A. CLARKE & CO.,
ap17:8MW 119 WOOD STREET.

ACADEMY OF SCIENCE. 101 Federal Street, Allegheny, (Savings Bank Building.) Spring term begins

MONDAY, APRIL 5th, 1869.

For circulars, &c., apply to
h30 R'S. ROBB, A. M., Prin.

BUTTER.—10 Boxes Fresh Dairy Roll Butter, just received by express.
J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

WHITE LIME.—200 barrels Fresh White Lime, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

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OPENED READY

FOR

SATURDAY'S SALES,

AT

LOWEST PRICES!

Parasols, Sun Umbrellas,
Bonnets, Ribbons and Flowers.
Ladies' Hats, Children's Hats,
Ladies' Emb. Underwear,
Ladies' Emb. Skirts,
Hoop Skirts, Corsets,
Gloves, Stockings,
Lace Handkerchiefs,
Lace Collars,
Linen Handkerchiefs,
Embroidered Handkerchiefs,
Hamburg Edgings,
Hamburg Insertings,
Linen Lawn, Linen Cambric,
Nainsook Muslin,
Jaconet Muslin,
Cambric Muslin,
Swiss Muslin,
Balmoral Skirts,
Spring Skirts,
Ruffings, Trimmings,
Paper Collars, Paper Cuffs,

AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

NO. 180 AND 182

FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY.

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RETAIL

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS

AT

Wholesale Prices.

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Allegheny City.

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A GREAT SUCCESS!

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WASHING MACHINE!

It washes the finest fabrics, without injury, perfectly clean in less than one-eighth the ordinary way. It does not rub the cloth, but performs the cleaning process by steam and the quick action of hot water; it can be operated by a child. Its great cheapness makes it accessible to every family and saves its own cost in doing away with tubs.

PRICE, $15.

Sold from the Manufactory, at

THOMAS MERKEL'S,

PENN ST., OPPOSITE THE FAIR GROUND.

AGENTS WANTED. ap15:h51

IRON CITY

SPICE AND MUSTARD MILL,

Fifth Avenue, near High St.,

STRICKLER & MORLEDGE,

Wholesale Dealers in

ROASTED COFFEE.

Spices and Mustard.

We call the attention of consumers to our EXCELSIOR ROAST COFFEE, sold in one pound packages and WARRANTED to be the very best in the market.

FRESH CORNMEAL ground daily. All articles warranted to be of the best quality and delivered in the city free of charge.

STRICKLER & MORLEDGE,

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DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

(Successor to JOS. P. HAIGH & CO.,)

Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street.

ap14:h40

BOOKS SETTLED,

AND

ACCOUNTS COLLECTED,
MONEY TO LOAN.
FINE FARMS IN PENNSYLVANIA;
HOUSES AND LOTS IN PITTSBURGH AND EAST LIBERTY;
LOTS IN MANSFIELD;
MISSOURI AND VIRGINIA LAND

FOR SALE.

Enquire of

THOS. SIMPSON,

NOTARY PUBLIC, 89 GRANT STREET, Office, back room.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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IN

DRY GOODS.

At 6¼c., FAST COLORED CALICOES,
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At 10c., FAST COLORED CALICOES,
At 12½c., EXTRA QUALITY BLEACHED MUSLINS;
At 12½c., HEAVY SHEETING MUSLINS;
At 12½c., LIGHT AND DARK DELAINES;
At 25c., DOUBLE-WIDTH BLACK ALPACAS;
At 25c., DOUBLE-WIDTH ALPACAS, in choice colors:
At 62½c., PLAIN DOUBLE-WIDTH (all-wool) POPLINS, extra bargains;
At 60c., BLACK AND WHITE BALMORAL SKIRTS, full size;
At 75c., DOUBLE-WIDTH SILK-MIXED POPLINS;
At 50c., CHOICE DOUBLE-WIDTH SPRING DRESS GOODS;
At 62½c., FINE DOUBLE-WIDTH SPRING DRESS GOODS;
NEW HEAVY BLACK SILKS;
NEW FINE BLACK MOHAIR LUSTRES;
NEW POPLINS, &c., &c.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Table Linens and Napkins,
Sheetings and Pillow Muslins,
White Quilts,
Cassimeres, Towels, &c,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 AND 182

FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY.

ap17

MILLINERS AND DEALERS

Will Find at

JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S,

LATE NOVELTIES IN

HATS AND BONNETS

Received this day from the manufacturers, and full lines

SUNDOWNS, RIBBONS,
FINE FRENCH FLOWERS,
ROSES, WREATHS, BUDS,
GRASSES, WHEAT,
COLORED CREAPES,
MILLINERY LACES,
SILKS AND TRIMMING SATINS,
BONNET AND HAT FRAMES,
ORNAMENTS, STRAW TRIMMINGS,
GIMPS, &c., &c.,

Received during the Week, making the most complete line of

MILLINERY GOODS

Ever Offered in this City,

And to which we invite

THE ATTENTION OF THE TRADE.

77 and 79 Market Street.

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WALTHAM WATCHES.

These Watches are of the well-known ¾ plate style, and warranted to satisfy the most exacting demand for beauty, finish and accuracy.

The manufacture of Watches of this fine quality is not even attempted in this country except at Waltham.

FOR SALE BY

J. R. REED & CO.,

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WALTHAM WATCHES,

3-4 Plate, 16 and 20 Sizes.

To the manufacture of these fine Watches the Company have devoted all the science and skill in the art at their command, and confidently claim that for fineness and beauty, no less than for the greater excellencies of mechanical and scientific correctness of design and execution, these watches are unsurpassed anywhere.

In this country the manufacture of these fine grade of Watches is not even attempted, except at Waltham.

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ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

GRAY'S FERRY

PRINTING INK WORKS.

C. E. ROBINSON,

MANUFACTURER OF

Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic

INKS, VARNISHES, &C.

Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,

fe16:e60 PHILADELPHIA.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP here- tofore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by the withdrawal from the firm of John Hartmus. The business will be conducted as heretofore under the name and style of A. Steller & Sons.

A. STELLER,
JOHN HARTMUS,
M. G. STELLER,
J. G. STELLER.

March 13th, 1869. ap16:h56

WATER PIPES,

CHIMNEY TOPS.

A large assortment,

HENRY H. COLLINS,

apM:h27 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.,

NOTICES.

KEYSTONE SKATING ASSOCIATION.—The Stockholders of the above are urgently requested to meet at the Rink, MONDAY EVENING, 19th inst., at 8 P. M. As its indebtedness must be met, the expediency of selling the institution will be ficted upon. Stockholders will consult their interest by attending. By order of the President.

ap17 WM. M. THOMPSON, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH, April 14th, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIREC- TORS of the COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY have this day declared a

DIVIDEND No. 33

Of TWO (2) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable MONDAY, April 19th.

ap15:h48 A. P. McGREW, Secretary.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL COMPANY.—The Fourth Instalment, $2 per share, on the Capital Stock is now due, payable at the Banking House of N. HOLMES & SONS.

Certificates of Stock are now ready to be issued to all subscribers paying up in full.

JAMES H. WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, April 9, 1869. Treasurer. ap14

THE FEDERAL OIL COM- PANY.—A stockholders' meeting will be held on the 15th DAY OF APRIL, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of A. A. MILLS, Duquesne Way, near Ninth street, Pittsburgh, for the purpose of taking action for the dissolution of the company. A full attendance is requested. By order of the Board.

C. L. GUEHRING, Pres't.

NOTICE.—At a Meeting of the Directors of the

EWALT STREET BRIDGE CO.,

On April 3d, an assessment of $5.00 per share on the Capital Stock was made. Payment is requested on or before the 23d of April, at the office of CHRIS. SIEBERT,

ap6:h1 406 Penn street.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R.R. Co., OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, PITTSBURGH, PA., March 24, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIREC- TORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared the regular Quarterly Dividend (No. 21,) of two and one-half per cent., free of Government tax, on the capital stock, for the Quarter ending March 31st, payable on and after MONDAY, April 27, proximo, at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., No. 27 Pine street, to those registered at New York, and at the office of the Treasurer, to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The Transfer Books will close on Monday, April 12, at 2 P. M., and re-open Tuesday, April 27, at 10 A. M.

F. M. HUTCHINSON,
ap16:h58 Secretary.

TO CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.—Sealed proposals for the erection of

TWO STATION HOUSES,

For City of Pittsburgh, one to be erected in Twelfth and one in Seventeenth Ward of said city, will be received at the Hardware Store of J. & G. PEARSON, No. 47 Diamond street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, where Plans and Specifications can be seen. All proposals to be in by 12 o'clock, April 17th, 1869.

By order of Committee.

JOHN H. HARE,
JOS. MARSHALL,
ap5 GEO. R. PEARSON.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, APRIL 14th, 1869.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that

THE INTEREST COUPONS,

Payable on the First Day of July Next,

Will be paid on presentation at the proper offices upon a rebate of interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum in gold.

GEORGE S. BOUTWELL,

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

ap16:h57

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Pursuant to an act of Assembly, approved the 20th of March, 1869, entitled "an act relating to interments in Trinity Church-yard, Pittsburgh," Public Notice is hereby given of the intention of the minister, wardens and vestry of Trinity (Episcopal) Church, after the 10th of MAY, proximo, to use a part of the grave-ground belonging to or connected with said church, as sites for new erections of Church and Chapel and for grades, and that Messrs. JOHN H. MEENEGER, JAMES M. COOPER, CALVIN ADAMS and JOSIAH KING, of the vestry, have been appointed a Committee to confer and arrange with the friends and relatives of all persons buried in the ground required for the purposes set forth in the act of Assembly aforesaid, for their retention under the new buildings or removal to other parts of the lot or to one of the rural cemeteries. One or more of the Committee may be found at the vestry room of the church at 3 to 5 o'clock P. M., on every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY until the 15th of MAY, at which time and place parties interested will please call.

By order of the Vestry.

JOSIAH KING,
ap16:h59 Junior Warden.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL- ROAD CO.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day of June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

ap15: 46 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all OWNERS OF DRAYS, CARTS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c., (whether resident or non-resident,) in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at this office FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly approved March 30, 1860, and an ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860.

All Licenses not paid on or before MAY 15, 1869, will be placed in the hands of a police officer for collection, subject to a collection fee of 50 cents, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty double the amount of the license, to be recovered before the Mayor.

The old metal plates of last year must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or 25 cents additional will be charged on each License.

RATES OF LICENSE:

Each one horse vehicle	$ 7.50
Each two horse vehicle	12.00
Each four horse vehicle	15.00
Each two horse hack	15.00

Omnibus and Timber Wheels drawn by two horses, $18.00 each. One dollar extra will be charged for each additional horse used in any of the above vehicles.

A. J. COCHRAN,
fe12:e46:MWF City Treasurer.

BOARDING.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Two gentlemen can obtain a neatly furnished room and board reasonable, at No. 9 ANN STREET, Allegheny City.

BOARDING—An elegant front room, 2d floor, at No. 181 North avenue, Allegheny. Suitable for a gentleman and wife or two gentlemen.

TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S

FIRE-PROOF

Lamp

CHIMNEYS.

fe10:e26

DISSOLUTION.—The Co-part- nership heretofore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts will be settled by W. C. ARMSTRONG, who continues the business at No. 25 Market street. M. J. FETZER,

ap9:h57 W. C. ARMSTRONG.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—A Nurse Woman to take care of children. One accustomed to children, kind and careful, preferred. References required. Apply at No. 65 Beave. street, one door from Ohio, Allegheny City.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EM- PLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTS.

WANTED—To negotiate Mort- GAGES from $2,000 to $10,000. Address Box H, GAZETTE OFFICE.

SOMETHING NEW.—The PAT- ENT LAUNDRY LIST. Sold by Merchants and Agents, male and female. Circulars free, or send 50 cents for Samples. Also, best Key Tag and Stencil Tools. Address, BALTIMORE STENCIL WORKS, Md.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—INTELLIGENT WOMEN, to engage in a responsible and very useful avocation. Compensation liberal. A family no hindrance. Address in handwriting of applicant, with real name and reference, "P," GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED.—The Co-operative LIFE INSURANCE CO. will employ several competent and responsible

CANVASSERS.

Apply at the office, 128 SMITHFIELD ST.
ap17:h62

WANTED.—AGENTS for the sale of the DEXTER WASHING MACHINE. From ten to twenty dollars per day can be made by any active canvasser. Apply at THOMAS MERKELS, opposite the Fair Ground, Penn street.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—The desirable

DWELLING HOUSE,

No. 595 Penn street, furnished throughout, containing 10 rooms, bath room, &c.; good stable, carriage house, and large yard room. Possession given June 1st. Also, a

COTTAGE

At Glenwood, with about 20 acres of land, well improved, fine orchard, grapery, &c.

Enquire at 595 Penn Street, or at Room No. 2 English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.

TO-LET.

"VINE CLIFF,"

Homestead of late Dr. R. A. Wilson, Mount Washington, within ten minutes walk of the city; an elegant Cottage House, with tower, containing 10 rooms and cellar, with spring and cistern water; entrance for carriage, etc.; now occupied by Mr. G. T. Robinson, of the firm of Robinson, Rea & Co.

Inquire of HALL PATTERSON, Attorney-at-Law, 71 Grant street. tf

TO LET.—Double Two-story House on the corner of Stockton avenue and Beaver street, Allegheny City. Handsome garden, stable and carriage house. Apply at No. 6 Stockton avenue, or Wayne Iron Works, Tenth street, Pittsburgh.

TO-LET.—ROOM, 40 by 105 feet, with power, on corner of Penn and 26th streets. Inquire of ROBERT HILL.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—OLD TYPE MET- AL.—About Two Thousand Pounds for sale by L. & W. NEEB, office of FREIHEITS FREUND, No. 143 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE—TYPE.—About 400 pounds MINION TYPE, nearly as good as new. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.—NEW FRAME COTTAGE of 5 rooms, hall and cellar, in 19th Ward, (late East Liberty.) Lot 60 by 187 feet; broad board walk from Railroad station. Price low and terms easy. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE — Suburban Resi- DENCE, OR BUSINESS STAND, AND ONE ACRE OF GROUND, situate in the borough of Braddocks, within two minutes walk of a station on either railroad. The house is a neat frame of seven rooms, large hall and cellar; lot contains all necessary out buildings, and an abundance of all kinds of fruit, good spring water in kitchen; ten feet from the house is a store-room 18 by 30, with ware-room attached, store-room now rented and doing a good business. The location of the property is all that could be desired either for a country residence or a business stand, or both. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE,

NINE FORTY-ACRE LOTS

Of land in Central Wisconsin, good soil, good timber, and near good market. A few good farm implements will be taken in exchange.

During a recent visit to Northwestern Iowa arrangements were made by which I can supply a limited number of persons with land in that portion of Iowa at from $3 to $8 per acre, near lines of railroad.

Address, (with stamps enclosed,)

JOHN D. HILL,
Bakerstown, Allegheny county,
ap6-T Pennsylvania.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each.

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street.

mh15

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A two-story Brick House on Gibbon, near Chestnut, street; 3 rooms and cellar; 20½x100. Price $1,200.

Two two-story Brick Houses on Wick street; 6 rooms each; lots 24x100. Price $3,000; terms, $800 cash, and balance in yearly installments of $500 each.

One small Frame House on Aiken lane. Price $900.

Ten fine Building Lots, 20x80, on Locust st.
Five do do 20x72, on Cooper st.
Four do do 20½x80, on Lyndon st.
Nine small Brick Houses of 4 rooms each, on Maria street. Price $1,850; easy terms.

TUSTIN & KLEE,
mh25:g21 87 Grant street, first floor.

FOR SALE.

FLOUR.

QUAKER CITY, best in the city;
WHITE ROSE CHOICE FAMILY,
ORIENTAL MILLS,
SWEEPSTAKES,
STONE MILLS,

Also, a choice lot of Seed Potatoes:
EARLY GOODRICH,
BUCKEYE,
PRINCE ALBERT, and
PEACHBLOW. By

MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,

ap14:h41 329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

KEELER'S STANDARD SCALES 38 WOOD ST. PITTSB'G SCRANTON CLEVE'D O.

NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGED CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

OFFICES AND WORKS.

Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh. mh9

GODEFFROY BRANCKER & CO.,

42 Exchange Place, New York,

Are prepared, as Sole Agents in the United States for the Prussian Mining and Iron Company of Duisburg, Westphalia, to contract or sell in quantities to suit purchasers, (delivered in either New York or Philadelphia,) the celebrated

V. G. SPIEGELEISEN

Used so extensively for the manufacturing of

BESSEMER STEEL.

This Iron is free from Sulpur and Phosphorus, and contains a heavy per centage of Manganese.

Full particulars, samples, prices or chemical analysis will be promptly forwarded on application. ja30:d76

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA..

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILW SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 88 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

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SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, THIRTIETH, THIRTY-FIRST and RAILROAD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER,

Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fouith avenue.

Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d87

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH.

NOVELTY WORKS.

PITTSBURGH

NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1833.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

KEYSTONE STANDARD, (FAIRBANK'S PATENT) PLATFORM AND COUNTER

SCALES.

Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

CORNER OF FIRST AVENUE & GRANT STS.

Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE....HENRY EBER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

Cor. of Pike and Walnut Streets

PITTSBURGH.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

KNAP FORT PITT

FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariablyin Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

no8:n69

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

oc15:128

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:q8

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

COAL AND COKE.

ANTHRACITE COAL!

THE BRADDOCKS FIELDS

Gas Coal Company

Has this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for Pittsburgh and Allegheny Cities and surrounding towns for the sale of the Coal of the Pennsylvania and Ohio Anthracite Coal and Transportation Company.

Parties in want of a superior quality of Anthracite Coal from Eastern Mines, will do well to call on them.

General Office and Yard—CORNER OF ANDERSON ST. and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny.

Branch Office and Yard—LIBERTY, opposite SIXTEENTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Postoffice Address, Box 587 Pittsburgh.

J. D. MAHON,

Superintendent Penna. & Ohio Anthracite Coal and Transportation Co.,

No. 114 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

mh23:g49

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK

WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.

OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,

CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,

SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;

STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;

PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:j89

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:c21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET.

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

DYER AND SCOURER,

H. J. LANCE,

DYER AND SCOURER.

No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET

And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

FINANCIAL.

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY,

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

D. Hostetter, James Gordon, D. Wallace, E. Fawcett, Jno. C Risher, Robt. H. King, Andrew Miller, James M. Bailey.

SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,

Cor. of Wood and Sixth Sts.

A. PATTERSON.....President.
JOS. H. HILL.....Cashier.

CAPITAL, : : : $500,000.

DIRECTORS:

A. Patterson, Wm. H. Brown, Chas. Lockhart, Dan. R. Davidson, W. S. Haven, George W. Cass, R. H. Palmer Wm. Douglas, Wm. Reed.

DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M.

ap9:o22

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

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N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

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Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

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ja30:a1

JAY COOKE & CO.,

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STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

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OILS.

WARING AND KING,

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Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

ap10

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop, Will cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils, Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Head-Light Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Harness Oil, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL'S BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

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ap1:w20

DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

H. M. LONG & CO.,

Office, DALZELL BUILDING,

fe13 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

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No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand, TURNING of all descrip na done oc6:y86

CENTRAL AND UNION

PACIFIC RAILWAY BONDS,

The cheapest investment now in the market for sale by

PH. R. MERTZ,

Corner FIFTH AVENUE & WOOD STREETS.

Also, dealer in Government Bonds, Gold and Coupons and European Exchange at market rates. de21

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, April 17, 1869.

The very favorable statement of the New York city banks, showing an increase of seven million dollars in their reserve, by remittances from the interior and the south, made money quite easy, and where seven per cent. gold interest and a commission were exacted on Friday, six per cent. currency interest was accepted on Saturday. This sudden change in the money rates gave an unprecedented impetus to speculation in bonds and stocks.

Government bonds of the July issues have now reached 115½, being about one and a half per cent above the highest quotation ever attained, even with six months interest accrued, and the demand for bonds is still on the increase. Any further rise here will also stimulate the demand from Europe for the bonds of the recent issues, and the difference between old 1862's and new 1867's will be merely the difference in the interest in London, and be equal in Frankfort, where the interest is added to the quotations. However, the rise since the first of the month being now about two per cent, we may look for a considerable reaction at any moment, even if the tendency were still for higher quotations. Any advance of magnitude always checks the investment demand, and purchases at the higher figures are generally of a speculative nature, and soon finds its level.

In stocks the demand has so increased by all classes that have any money to venture and by those who have not lost their all, that quotations have advanced about two per cent. in the average. Business being dull and the chances occasionally favorable to a temporary investment in stocks, it is too tempting for men not to try their hand again, although their fate in nine cases out of ten is that they lose money. Prices are so inflated at the stock exchange and the operators for want of orders literally eat up one another, and those who have the means to operate under any market finally swallow up all the smaller capitals.

Gold is remarkably strong, although exchange is still far below the shipping point of specie and not much in demand, besides few remittances have to be made for the May interest. The money in most cases will be re-invested in bonds, which is probably the true cause of the rise. Few holders have so far availed themselves of the privilege of having their coupons discounted, but the coming week will most likely bring out larger lots, since gold loans command a premium.

Money has not eased up here, but better terms are expected by borrowers for the next week. Business is still dull and one of our principal branches is completely idle.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 133⅜; Silver, 126; Eighty-one's, 128¼; Five Twenties, 1862, 120¼; do 1864, 117¾; do 1865, 115; do 1865, Consols, ——; do 1867, ——; do 1868, 156½; Ten Forties, 133⅜; New York Central, 65⅜; Erie, —; Reading, 95; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 132½; Ohio & Mississippi, 33⅞; Michigan Southern, 99¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 92⅛; Chicago & Rock Island, 138; Chicago & North Western, 83¾; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 95¾; Adams Express Company, 59½; Merchants Union Express, 15; Pacific Mail, 94¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 41⅝; Gregory, 3,55; Quartz Hill, 1,55; Corydon, —; Smith & Parmlee, 2,90; W. Am. Express 38¾.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 17, 1869.

The Money market was very easy at 7 per cent. currency, and in some cases balances were left at 6 per cent. The discount market was also easier; banks show a more accommodating spirit; prime paper is quoted at 9@10 per cent. The produce exchange was thrown into a fit of excitement this forenoon by a report that Messrs. Parker & Peck, elevator and warehouse men, had defrauded a number of produce firms out of 200,000 bushels of oats, corn and wheat, the total value of which is estimated at $250,000. Mr. Peck has disappeared.

The Bank statement was favorable. A decrease in loans was naturally expected, but the large increase in legal tenders took every body by surprise. The figures show plainly that the banks must have received far more currency than they shipped during the week, and they also explain fully the great change in money from stringency to ease. The banks hold $7,153,002 in excess of the legal reserve against $5,913,040 for the preceding week; loans $255,184,882, decrease $2,295,345; specie $7,711,779, decrease $982,674; legal tenders $51,001,288, increase $2,356,556; deposits $172,203,404, increase $709,914, circulation $34,436,769, decrease $172,591.

Sterling dull at 7⅞@8 per cent. Gold is firmer, opened at 133⅜, fell to 133 and closed at 133⅜@133¼. The rates paid for borrowing were from 1-16 to ⅛ to flat.

Governments buoyant and higher Coupons of '81, 117⅝@117¾; do. '62, 120¾@121; do. '64, 116¼@116¼; do. '65, 117⅛@118; do. new, 115¼@115⅝; do. '67, 115¼@115⅜; do., '68, 114¼@115⅜; 10-40s, 6¼@6⅜.

State Bonds firm. Missouris 87; Old Tennessee 68½@69; new 66½@66¾; Virginias 60¼@61; North Carolinas 54@54½; Louisiana Levee Sixes 70½@70¾.

Stock market opened firm, though dull, business being checked by a meeting of open Board to consider the subject of consolidation with Stock Exchange. No action was taken. Late in the afternoon, under the influence of the bank statement, the market became buoyant and active, with great excitement and a perfect rush to buy. New York Central, Wabash, Reading, St. Paul, Ft. Wayne, Rock Island, Northwestern preferred, Mariposa preferred and Mariposa were the chief features. At the close the market was still strong and active.

Five-thirty Prices—Cumberland, 29@31; Wells Express, 31⅝@32; American, 39@39¾; Adams, 59½@59¾; Merchants Union, 15@16; United States, 60@60½; Quicksilver, 22@22¼; Canton, 61½@62⅞; Pacific Mail, 94½@95; Western Union Telegraph, 41¾@42; New York Central, 166⅝@166⅞ Erie, 33¾@34 preferred, 52@55; Hudson, 147@147¾; Mariposa, 22¼@22½; preferred, 49¼@49¼; Harlem, 139¾@139¾; Terre Haute, 38@39; do. preferred, 67@68½; Wabash, 73@73¾; do. preferred, 79¾@80¼; St. Paul, 79½@79¾; do. preferred, 86¾@87; Fort Wayne, 132¾@134; Ohio & Mississippi, 33½@33⅝; Michigan Central, 122¼@122½; Michigan Southern, 99¼@99⅝; Pittsburgh, 91½@93⅝; Lake Shore, 99¼@99¼; Rock Island, 138⅜@138⅝; Northwestern, 84½@84¼; do. preferred, 96¼@96¾.

Mining shares dull.

Copper stocks at Boston: Copper Falls, 8; Franklin, 17¼; Hecla, 70; Hancock, 4; Quincy, 22.

Receipts of the Sub-Treasury were $1,264,608; payments, $1,244,545; balance, $89,972,276.

Clearances at the Gold Exchange Bank were $110,000,000. Exports of gold to-day, $22,175; for the week, $86,575. The imports for the week show an increase of $2,890,000 over the same time last year. Dry goods, $2,263,406; general merchandise, $5,294,761.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, April 17, 1869.

GENERAL REVIEW—The operations in oil have again been light this week, the volume of business in the aggregate having been light, and while the market has been very sensitive and at times somewhat excited, prices ruled remarkably steady, though the week closes firmer than it opened. There are several obstacles in the way of business, all of which we have noticed time and again; and until these obstacles are removed we cannot reasonably look for any permanent or material improvement. The demand during the week emanated mainly from short sellers and the great bulk of the oil sold was taken by those having maturing contracts, which had to be filled. Had it not have been for the shorts there would have been next to nothing done, as there appears to be but little inquiry from any other source. Still, as already noted, the market is firm, with but little offering, and there is no disposition manifested to make concessions in order to effect sales. The receipts of Crude have fallen off considerably, the river having got too low to run it in boats, and nearly all of that which arrived on the last rise has already been delivered and as a consequence, there is not much on the market.

CRUDE—The market although quiet is steady, with but little offering and but little wanted. Spot is still held firmly at 15, without buyers; and May and June is offering at 16, with the same result, As already noted, hawever, there is no disposition to force sales, and the market is almost bare.

REFINED—The Refined market is stronger and compared with yesterday, prices are better. Sales 1,000 April to June at 33½; 1,000 April, at 32½; and 500 May at 33½; showing an advance of a full half cent, and we presume that what is true of these is equally applicable to other months, as there seemed to be a firmer feeling all around. As a general thing our refiners are not disposed to sell very largely, in consequence of the fact that Crude is too high to admit of any margin.

RECAPITULATION — Receipts of Crude during the week, 13,826 bbls; last week, 47,691; from January 1st to date, 217,195; same time last year, 294,578; Exports Refined this week, 7,909; last week 91,750; from January 1st to date 91,750; same time last year, 79,518; sales this week, 42,700; last week 49,500.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

McKelvy Bro. 101 bbls refined to W. P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick & Co., 222 bbls refined Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhard, Frew & Co. 474 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 52 bbls to W, Blair & Son, Harrisburg.

J. P. Wood 50 bbls tar to Slemmett Bro., Downington Pa.

Total shipments Refined	847
Total shipments tar	102

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Union Refining Co., 216 W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Kirkpatrick & Lyons, 334 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro.

Hutchinson Oil Ref. Co., 517 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadephia.

H. M. Long & Co., 174 bbls refined to W. F. & Co., Philadelphia.

Duncan & Williams, 45 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer, K & Co., 222 bbls to W. P. Logan Bro., Philadelphia.

Total Shipments Refined..... 1292

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Trade among jobbing houses, as usual on Saturdays, is very quiet to-day, and market throughout is inert and depressed. The Lawrence F. brown muslins are reduced by jobbers to 13½. American, 4¼, brown 11¼. Red Crosswegans are jobbing at 14½, and Green Star at 14, and White Star 12½. Laconia Canton flannels bring 18c, great falls, do. at 23½@24, do. bleached 25, lanark No. 2 check 12½. Park mills No. 80 24c. Pepperel brown drills are down to 16½c, laconia do. 15½c. Amaskeag, are jobbing both at 15 and 17c; and Massachussetts G at 14½. Woolen goods market awfully demolished, and it is now an open question whether mills can be run on full time any longer; excellent fancy cassimeres and coatings from some of the best American mills in good weight and fine finish, are selling at from $1,10 currency way down below 1 dollar, or about 60c net on cost price.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

KANSAS CITY.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

KANSAS CITY, April 10, 1869.

For the first time I have made a stay of a day or two in this city, and given it a thorough examination; and as it bids fair, from the rapidity of its growth in population, wealth and business, to become one of the leading cities of the great Interior, I propose to devote this letter exclusively to it.

At this point the Missouri river comes down from the north, and the Kansas from the west, and united they take their course almost eastward to the Mississippi. Although the Missouri is by far the greater stream, yet it looks to one viewing the whole surrounding scene as if it emptied its floods into the Kansas, rather than the Kansas into it; for the straight, peculiar and strongly defined valley of the latter keeps on eastward, after receiving its mighty affluent, just as it did before. Standing on the bluff on which this city is built, looking northward, we see the Missouri for a distance of fifteen miles; looking westward we see the Kansas, which is another Missouri in miniature, coming down from the west; looking eastward we see, for six or seven miles, the Missouri rolling its turbid flood towards the Mississippi. It is a scene of grandeur rather than of beauty; and the more so because of the abrupt rectangular course of the greater stream, after it strikes almost squarely against the bluff upon which the city stands.

This bluff is more than a hundred feet above the river, bounded on the north by the river which originally almost washed its base, and on the north by an extensive low plain through which the Kansas flows, and which is sometimes overflowed by the floods of the Missouri. On the top of this bluff, which stretches off southward and eastward on the general level of the country, the city is located. For more than a mile back from the brow which overlooks the river, the ground is broken by more ravines and hillocks than I ever saw in the same area. In all that span there is probably not a single reach of one square in length where a street runs over the original level of the ground. Such cutting and filling are not to be found in any other city I have ever seen; for the streets are well graded, and whether the cut on the hill be six feet or sixty, the grade is rigidly adhered to. In some places we walk between two almost perpendicular walls of *marl* as high as ordinary city houses; but, for the most part, these elevated lots have been cut down, and carted on others which are as much depressed below the grade, and fine blocks of four-story stores stand with their roofs nearly on a level with the original surface of adjoining lots which have not yet been leveled down. It is very curious to see these walls of original earth standing side by side with new walls of brick, and so close together that an active man might almost jump from the top of one to the top of the other.

It is a peculiar property of this earth—or marl, as Dr. Hayden, the Geologist employed by the Government in this Western region, pronounces it to be—that it can be cut down to any depth almost perpendicularly, and in that position stand for years with very little crumbling. This city is full of such banks, or rather walls. In their faces, they resemble rocks of a yellowish gray color; and when they do crumble at all, it is in vertical columnar fractures. Yet, after forty feet have been removed, as I saw myself, a yoke of oxen can draw a plow through it turning a heavy furrow. It is from top to bottom extremely fertile, as the rich growth of blue grass, clover and shrubbery growing upon it attested.

The levelling of this city plot is attended with immense labor and cost; but the work is going on with great rapidity; and when it shall all be reduced to the established grades it will be very pretty. Real estate is quite high. I was shown lots which, although requiring heavy cutting, sold lately for $200 a foot front, the depth being 120 feet. Farther south and east the ground is less broken, and there handsome residences are mulitpying The brick made here are good for building and look well, but they will not answer for sidewalks, as many abortive attempts to use them for that purpose prove. Limestone wrought into rectangular slabs are much used, and make excellent sidewalks. Oak lath, one by four inches, and two by four, laid on edge, and reaching from foundation to curb, are much used, and make pleasant walks. The carriage ways of the streets are macademized thoroughly with a hard but brittle limestone, found in some of the deep cuts of the streets, and broken small before they are put in place. With more sagacity than most of those who lay out new cities in this country seem to possess, the men who laid out this city did not make their streets too wide. They are about the width of your Wood street. By so doing they not only saved ground, but expense in grading and paving. In Lawrence and Topeka the streets are so wide that the people have not yet been able to macadamize them. Judging from the manner and rate at which the work of grading and paving is going on, a stranger would infer, as I do, that the public exchequer is a fat one. Taxes must be high; but as everybody seems determined that this shall be the great city of this greatest body of first rate arable land to be found in the temperate zone, there are probably but few grumblers.

The business transacted here is already very large and is increasing with great rapidity. They have connection with St. Louis by two railroads, with Chicago direct by one, with all the centre of Kansas by the Kansas Pacific, which will soon be pushed on to Denver, and ultimately to the Pacific coast through New Mexico; while cars are already running southward through the eastern tier of Kansas counties, and which it is the determination of the people of Kansas at large shall not stop short of Galveston Bay, on the Gulf of Mexico, which is only 600 miles due south of Lawrence and Kansas City.

It can hardly be said to be an idle boast on the part of the people of this city that it is the natural metropolis of the most extensive body of extremely fertile land in the world. The area which they claim as their mercantile domain is not less than four hundred miles square, or 160,000 square miles, nearly four times the area of Pennsylvania, and possessing a productive power of soil greater than all the States lying between Pennsylvania and the Mississippi. We know very well that it is all nonsense for one city to talk about grasping and holding all the trade of such a region; but it will be enough to be the chief among many. Leavenworth, however, has no idea of yielding to her ambitious rival, and if she can succeed in bridging the Missouri and hitching on firmly to the great lines of trade east of that river before the scepter departs from her hands, (for it has not yet departed,) she may still maintain the ascendancy. But you could not persuade a denizen of Kansas City of this. The struggle between these two cities is very sharp and will probably do them both good.

Kansas City, as most people know, is in the State of Missouri, directly on the State line where it leaves the river and follows a due south meridian. Leavenworth is a Kansas City, on the west branch of the Missouri, about thirty miles above this city. Both have good river landings. Each has a population of about 30,000.

But I have already extended this letter beyond what I intended, and shall stop with the mere mention of the fact, which I forgot in its proper place, that the bridge over the Missouri at Kansas City is so far advanced that it is expected that trains and ordinary travel will pass over the river during the coming summer. That will be the first bridge across that great and turbulant stream. C.

The June Festival in Boston.

The building known as "The Coliseum," intended for the Musical Peace Festival in June, is going up in St. James Square, in Boston. The *Traveller* says it will be the largest building in America under one roof, requiring 1,700,000 feet of lumber in its construction, and covering between three and four acres of ground. Its dimensions are 300 by 500 feet. There will also be used in the work fifteen tons of nails, and between four and five tons of other iron work, such as bolts, braces, &c. To cover the roof, so as to make it water proof, thirty tons of tarred paper will be used. The appex of the roof is eighty-six feet from top of sill. At the height of fifty feet there will be 1,300 feet of continuous windows, five feet high, all made to run on rollers, for ventilation, consisting of 6,500 feet of glass. Ingress and egress are made safe and easy by twelve doorways, each twenty-four feet wide. The building will have a seating capacity for 16,300 spectators, and standing room beneath the gallery and promenade for an immense number. The height of the roof pagoda will be ninety feet from the parquette floor; that of the side walls thirty-five feet surmounted by ten feet of perpendicular glass the whole circumference. The building will be finished by the 10th of June, or five days before the beginning of the Festival, thus affording ample time for general rehearsals by the band and chorus.

A Relic Presented to the President.

About 1856 an attempt was made to restore the tone to the old Independence bell, of Philadelphia, which had been cracked by a singular coincidence while ringing a Fourth of July morning peal. It was thought that by cutting away a small portion of the metal on either side of the crack, so that the two sides would not come in contact, the tone might be restored, but the experiment failed, as it was found that the crack extended into the crown of the bell. The fillings were, however, carefully saved and made into several forms to be presented as relies. A ring with a signet setting made of this precious metal was worn by the late John Minor Botts, of Virginia. That gentleman, prior to his death, requested that this ring, which he had worn, should be given to Gen. Grant, whom he considered the most fit recipient of the relic, and on Wednesday last, John F. Lewis, of Rockingham county, Va., his administrator, presented the ring to the President in compliance with the request of Mr. Botts. If we mistake not, we have observed upon Gen. Grant's watch guard one of the very few miniature bells made from the same metal.—*Wash. Rep.*

The Memory of Lincoln in France.

There was recently held in Paris a meeting to commemorate the memory of Abraham Lincoln. After Professor Laboulaye came Mr. Cochin, the principal orator. He traced the life of Lincoln from his boyhood up to his death, and held him up as a model of a patriot, statesman and Christian man. He quoted from his speeches and writings to show that he was a great political thinker, and that his ideas were of that class of elementary ideas on which great governments may be built and great deeds accomplished.

If you have not yet awakened to the fact in America, says a Paris letter, you will do so soon, that Lincoln is hereafter to a stand as one of the great land marks in history. If you do not comprehend the immensity of the *role* he played in the political progress of manhood, these people do. While you are still embarrassed with certain crudities in his character, these people see nothing but his grandeur and desire to see nothing more.

Insurance in Ohio.

Some idea of the magnitude of the business done in the State of Ohio by insurance companies incorporated by other States, may be derived from the information collected by the Auditor of that State, and soon to appear in his annual report, showing that the aggregate amount of property insured in Ohio by foreign companies, in 1868, was $127,622,122 46; that the premiums received upon the same amounted to $1,653,258 95, and that the losses paid upon the same amounted to $710,135 03, showing a gain on the business in this State of $935,120 91, or about fifty-seven per cent. on the amount of premiums received. This fact should arouse the attention of our own underwriters to renewed exertions to more fully compete with those engaged in the same line of business from other States.

THE Rogers locomotive works at Paterson, N. J., are driven to their fullest capacity. The *Press* says that during the month of February they turned out twelve locomotives, or three a week, and there are eight now under way. Three of these are very heavy engines, for a Peruvian railroad, calculated to mount grades of two hundred and sixty feet to the mile, drawing loads of seventy tons after them. The Peru locomotives are to take the place of others that were swallowed up in the late earthquakes in that country.

THE Wheeling *Intelligencer* of yesterday says: We heard, yesterday, that the boilers in the several iron mills in the city quit work on Wednesday night, and refused to resume yesterday morning without an advance of wages. We were told that one dollar per ton additional to the price paid last year was demanded.

POLITICAL.

FOR SHERIFF.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for SHERIFF, subject to the usages of the Republican party; and if successful pledge myself to devote all my energy to an honorable and faithful discharge of the duties of the office.
ap13:d&F H. S. FLEMING.

FOR SHERIFF.

WILLIAM A. HERRON,

Will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh25:g19-d&F

FOR CLERK OF COURTS,

JOHN G. BROWN,

Millvale borough, late private Co. H, 102d Reg't Penna. Vols., subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap:6.

TO THE CITIZENS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY: I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the office of CLERK OF COURTS, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. I would state that I ask the office but for ONE TERM, at the termination of which I would cheerfully retire, believing that there are others equally entitled to the honor and emoluments of the office, and as competent as myself. I will be under obligations to the citizens of the county for their support. Very respectfully,
JOSEPH BROWNE,
Late 102d (old 13th,) and 5th Pa. Vol. Regt.
mh23:g47

SPECIAL NOTICES.

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease*. Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York.
mh19:g28-d&F

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—An Essay for young men on the crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ja19:d&F

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *Black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. an28:p28

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE Diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, &c., completely eradicated. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Chartered by Special Act of Congress, Approved July 25, 1868.

Cash Capital - - - $1,000,000.
PAID IN FULL.

BRANCH OFFICE:
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
PHILADELPHIA,

Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

OFFICERS.

CLARENCE H. CLARK, President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Vice President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company offers the following advantages:
It is a National Company, chartered by special act of Congress, 1868:
It has a paid-up capital of $1,000,000.
It offers low rates of premium.
It furnishes larger insurance than other companies for the same money.
It is definite and certain in its terms.
Its policies are exempt from attachment.
There are no unnecessary restrictions in the policies.
Every policy is non-forfeitable.
Policies may be taken which pay to the insured their full amount, and return all the premiums, so that the insurance costs only the interest on the annual payments.
Policies may be taken that will pay to the insured, after a certain number of years, during life, an annual income of one-tenth the amount named in the policy.
No extra rate is charged for risks upon the lives of females.
It insures, not to pay dividends to policy-holders, but at so low a cost that dividends will be impossible.
Circulars, Pamphlets, and full particulars given on application to the Branch office of the Company, or to

E. W. CLARK & CO., Philadelphia, General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.

JAY COOKE & CO., Washington, D. C., For Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, District of Columbia and West Virginia.

IRA B. McVAY & CO., Agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Washington counties.

LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed To THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts. mh22:MW&F

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.
OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCH.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
T. J. HOSKINSON, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

John Irwin, Jr.,	B. L. Fahnestock
T. J. Hoskinson,	W. H. Everson,
C. G. Hussey,	Robert H. Davis,
Harvey Childs,	Francis Sellers,
Charles Hays,	Capt. J. T. Stockdale.
Capt. Wm. Dean,	T. H. Nevin.

ROSADALIS
PURIFIES THE BLOOD.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
de7:b10-MWF

AUCTION SALES.

BY H. B. SMITHSON & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES AND CARPETS
FOR THE MILLION.
AT
SMITHSON'S EMPORIUM,
55 AND 57 FIFTH AVENUE.

Messrs. H. B. SMITHSON & CO., proprietors of the well known Mammoth Auction House are creating an excitement consequent upon the arrival of new goods which are being sold at remarkably low prices. Goods of every variety; the finest sewed boots, the most fashionable balmoral gaiters and ankle shoes, slippers, &c., blankets, flannels, cloths, cassimeres, cutlery and carpets. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods. Ladies', misses' and children's furs at almost your own prices. All goods warranted as represented. no24

GREAT AUCTION SALE
AT
W. W. MOORHEAD'S,
81 MARKET STREET,

Will commence on MONDAY MORNING, April 19th, at 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 and 7½ P. M., and continue for a few days to close out our stock to make room for new goods.

This will be one of the most attractive auction sales yet offered in this city, embracing a fine lot of

HAMBURG AND JACKONET EMBROIDERIES,
POINT AND POINT APPLIQUE LACES,
POINT LACE COLLARS,
MALTESE AND THREAD LACES,
FURNISHING GOODS in every variety,
FANCY HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
VALENCIA LACE TRIMMED SETS.

H. B. SMITHSON & CO.,
ap15 AUCTIONEERS.

FOUNDRY SITE, &c.,
AT AUCTION.

WEDNESDAY, April 21st, at 2½ o'clock P. M., on the premises, will be sold that property known as the UTILITY WORKS, corner of Fulton and Juniata streets, Allegheny City. The Lot fronts on Fulton street 130 feet and 72 feet on Juniata street to a 20 foot alley, (thus having the advantage of three fronts,) on which is erected a large building for machine shop, with pattern room, ware room, office and engine room, japanning room, &c., making a complete works for making of small castings. The machinery consists of engine, boiler, shafting, pulleys, scouring barrels, grindstones, patent drills, lathes, and a complete assortment of pattern cards, for the production of a class of goods of which the establishment had almost the exclusive control. If not sold as a whole, the ground will be divided and sold in lots to suit purchasers, together with the buildings, the machinery, &c. If not sold will be removed. The location cannot be surpassed, and the property is fast increasing in value for building purposes. Further particulars by enquiring of WM. B. McLEAN & CO., or H. B. SMITHSON & CO.,
ap15 Auctioneers.

BY A. LEGGATE.

VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY,
No. 215 Liberty Street,
AT AUCTION.

On FRIDAY, April 23d, at 3 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, the property No. 215 Liberty street, opposite the mouth of Sixth avenue, lately occupied by Graff & Reiter as a Commission House. The lot is 20 by 85 feet. The building is three story, in first rate order, with deep dry cellar and flag pavement. The store rooms are spacious and well lighted. There are platform scales and hoisting apparatus in perfect order. The location is unexcelled on the street. Special attention is called to the sale, it being apparent that Liberty street is rapidly advancing in commercial value.
TERMS—Half cash; balance in one and two years.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.
ap15

BY A. M'ILWAINE.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK RAILROAD AND COUNTY BONDS, &c. TUESDAY EVENING, April 20th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,
75 shares Exchange National Bank;
$2,000 Allegheny Co. Compromise Bonds;
$1,800 Connellsville Railroad Bonds. Turtle Creek Division.
50 shares Eagle Cotton Mills.
ap17 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

LEGAL.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
W. D. of Pennsylvania.
PITTSBURGH, April 3d, 1869.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 31 day of April, A. D. 1869, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the

ESTATE OF HUGH B. MURPHY,

Of Allegheny city, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny city, Allegheny county, Pa., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, on the 7th day of MAY, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.
THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
ap1:g355 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—In the Court of Common Pleas, Jane Wagner, by her next friend vs. John A. Wagner.
No. 203, March Term, 1868. Libel in Divorce.
And now, April 10th, 1869, C. SNIVELY, Esq., appointed Commissioner to take testimony in this case, and report the same to the Court.
[From the Record,]
JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.
The undersigned will attend to the duties of the above appointment at the office of H. C. MACKRELL, No. 89 Grant street, on MONDAY, April 26th, at 2 o'clock P. M.
ap15:h49-THM C. SNIVELY.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have formed a Limited Partnership under the firm name of SEWARD & EMERSON, for the purpose of manufacturing and selling Fertilizers and more especially the "EUREKA FERTILIZER," the manufactory and chief place of business in the City of Pittsburgh. The General Partners are, WM. T. SEWARD and RUFUS H. EMERSON, both residing in the City of Pittsburgh. The Special Partner is J. T. CONNOLLY, who resides in the city of New York, and the amount of Capital contributed by him to the common stock is fifteen thousand dollars in cash. The Partnership begins the 8th day of MARCH, 1869, and it will terminate on the 1st day of JUNE, 1870.
WM. T. SEWARD,
RUFUS H. EMERSON,
J. T. CONNOLLY.
MARCH 13th, 1869. mh15:g4-M

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.
ALEXANDER WRIGHT, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 8th DAY OF MAY, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt.
ap12h30-M S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

NOTICE.

Opening of Diamond Street, Pittsburgh.

All persons interested are hereby notified that the report of Viewers in the matter of opening and widening DIAMOND STREET, from the Diamond to Ferry street, has been approved and confirmed. All persons against whom assessments or benefits were made, are required to pay the same to me within thirty days, otherwise they will be entered as liens against the property. All property on the Diamond and Diamond street, west of the Market House, and on Liberty street from Sixth street to Fourth avenue, has been assessed.
J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney,
ap10:h27 No. 106 Fifth Avenue.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NINTH LIST, 1869, APPLICATIONS TO SELL LIQUORS, filed in Clerk's office:

Pittsburgh.

Caroline Pollock, tavern, 1st ward;
Wm. Sloan, tavern, 1st ward;
M. A. Thompson, tavern, 1st ward;
H. Sallie, tavern, 1st ward;
F. Vierheller, tavern, 1st ward;
J. M. Keller, tavern, 1st ward;
Elijah Hall, tavern, 1st ward;
N. Adrian, tavern, 1st ward;
M. Kearney, tavern, 1st ward;
Gamble & Anderson, other goods, 1st ward;
John Seiffert & Co., other goods, 1st ward;
Hamilton Kerr, tavern, 2d ward;
Geo. Hochswender, tavern, 2d ward;
J. & C. Shaeffer, tavern, 2d ward;
Joseph Spencer, tavern, 2d ward;
James Sherran, tavern, 2d ward;
M. Jedkins, tavern, 2d ward;
Rose Laverty, tavern, 2d ward;
James Cox, tavern, 2d ward;
Charles Engel, tavern, 2d ward;
Levi Lewis, tavern, 2d ward;
James S. Kennedy, tavern, 2d ward;
John F. Bennett, tavern, 3d ward;
John Lundy, tavern, 3d ward;
H. Snyder, tavern, 3d ward;
John Meyer, tavern, 3d ward;
J. F. Tyler, tavern, 3d ward;
M. F. Kelley, eating house, 3d ward;
S. Bodelheime & Co., other goods, 3d ward;
D. Aaworth, other goods, 3d ward;
J. F. Bennett, other goods, 3d ward;
W. Clayton, other goods, 3d ward;
Samuel Hare, tavern, 4th ward;
J. H. McKinnell, eating house, 4th ward;
Jas. Briar, other goods, 4th ward;
McCullough, Smith & Co, other goods, 4th ward;
H. Meswiggen, other goods, 4th ward;
J. Adler & Co., other goods, 4th ward;
M. McCullough, Jr. & Co. other goods, 4th ward;
R. Woods & Co., other goods, 4th ward;
W. W. Cheesman, other goods, 4th ward;
O. Corcoran, tavern, 5th ward;
R. W. Ramsey, tavern, 5th ward;
P. Consadine, tavern, 5th ward;
J. O. Lefevre, tavern, 5th ward;
J. Duffey, tavern, 5th ward;
W. J. White, tavern, 5th ward;
Thos. Sayers, eating house, 5th ward;
M. Flynn, other goods, 5th ward;
Geo. Schmidt, tavern, 6th ward;
R. Brittle, tavern, 6th ward;
R. Jones, tavern, 6th ward;
Jno. McLaughlin, eating house, 6th ward;
Jno. Flinn, other goods, 6th ward;
M. O'Connor, other goods, 6th ward;
Tully McIntyre, tavern, 7th ward;
J. S. Hermean, tavern, 7th ward;
Pat Shields, tavern, 7th ward;
John Watson, other goods, 7th ward;
W. A. Ahl, other goods, 8th ward;
J. P. Uam, other goods, 8th ward;
Levi Rush, tavern, 9th ward;
J. McDonald, tavern, 9th ward;
Wm. Reed, tavern, 9th ward;
Hunter & Williams, tavern, 9th ward;
Jas. Wallace, tavern, 9th ward;
F. X. Raible, other goods, 9th ward;
Jane Hancock, tavern, 10th ward;
H. Mihlstein, eating house, 10th ward;
Julia McFadden, eating house, 11th ward;
A. Reilley, other goods, 11th ward;
Thos. Clark, tavern, 12th ward;
L. Webber & Co., tavern, 12th ward;
C. Sipler, tavern, 12th ward;
F. Kraiser, eating house, 12th ward;
W. Sewell, other goods, 12th ward;
D. Williams, tavern, 14th ward;
John O'Donnell, tavern, 14th ward;
Wm. Moorhead, tavern, 14th ward;
W. R. McKee, tavern, 16th ward;
John Meyer, tavern, 17th ward;
Jonas Smith, tavern, 19th ward;
Christ. House, tavern, 20th ward;
A. Hennig, tavern, 21st ward;
Anthony Whitaker, tavern, 22d ward;

Allegheny.

R. P. Getty, other goods, 3d ward;
Leo. Gross, tavern, 3d ward;
J. W. Hammill, tavern, 4th ward;
J. B. Jones, tavern, 4th ward;
Christ. Klein, tavern, 4th ward;
C. M. Seely, tavern, 4th ward;
E. Bodenbach & Co., o. g., 4th ward,
Mrs. Savage, tavern, 5th ward;
Henry Klonk, tavern, 8th ward;
S. A. Fenwick, tavern, 8th ward;

Boroughs.

Cath. Kestner, tavern, Birmingham;
E. Lloyd, tavern, East Birmingham;
D. Braun & Bro., other goods, East Birmingham;

Townships.

James Hughes, tavern, Union;
Robert Smith, tavern, Union;
Joseph Walton, tavern, Chartiers;
Joseph Wright, tavern, South Fayette;
D. F. Lane, tavern, Kilbuck;
Wm. Shorp, tavern, Mifflin;
Jona Heckert, tavern, McCandless;
Asd. Jack, tavern, Plum;
James Bryan, tavern, Robinson;
Daniel McGreevy, tavern, Robinson;
Thomas Alderson, Scott;
Isaac Rankin, tavern, Upper St. Clair;
P. Hampe, tavern, Lower St. Clair;
John Fromm, tavern, Lower St. Clair;
Charles Miller, tavern, Shaler;
The License Board will sit for hearing the above applications on the 22d inst., at 9 o'clock A. M.
ap17 JOHN G. BROWN, Clerk.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 65 FOURTH STREET.
CHARTERED IN 1855.
ASSETS.....$2,315,804 61.

Open daily, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.
Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.
Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.
PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.
VICEPRESIDENTS:

John G. Backofen,	A. M. Pollock, M. D.,
Benj. F. Fahnestock,	Robert Robb,
James Herdman,	John H. Shoenberger,
James McAuley,	James Shidle,
James B. D. Meeds,	Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Christian Yeager.

TRUSTEES:

Wm. J. Anderson,	Robert C. Loomis,
Calvin Adams,	Henry J. Lynch,
John C. Bindley,	Peter A. Madeira,
George Black,	John Marshall,
Hill Burgwin,	Walter P. Marshall,
Alonzo A. Carrier,	John B. McFadden,
Charles A. Colton,	Ormsby Phillips,
John Evans,	Henry L. Ringwalt,
John J. Gillespie,	Wm. E. Schmertz,
William S. Haven,	Alexander Tindle,
Peter H. Hunker,	William Van Kirk,
Richard Hays,	Isaac Whittier,
James D. Kelly,	Wm. P. Weyman.

TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAMES B. D. MEEDS. M

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, Pittsburgh, April 1st, 1869.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE 21st section of an Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the 1st day of May, 1862, and of the amendment to said section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I do hereby give notice that the Duplicates for the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships WILL BE OPEN, and I will be prepared to receive the

County, State, Poor, Workhouse and Improvement Taxes for 1869.

On and after the 1st day of May, 1869. Said taxes can be paid at this Office until the 1st day of August with a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENT. for prompt payment to all persons paying the whole amount of their taxes.
There will be no deduction allowed during the month of August. There will be

Ten Per Cent. Added

To all taxes remaining unpaid on the 1st day of September, 1869.
J. F. DENNISTON,
ap2:d&T Treasurer of Allegheny County.

SLATE.
ROOFING SLATE OF VARIOUS
Qualities and Colors.

Particular attention given to laying Slate and repairing Slate roofs. For particulars and prices address
J. S. NEWMYER,
No. 43 Seventh Avenue,
mh31:g36 PITTSBURGH, PA.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING, Hose, Steam Packing and Gaskets of the Boston Belting Companies manufacture at prices as low as this quality of goods can be bought of the manufacturer. A full stock always on hand at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 Sixth street. J. & H. PHILLIPS,
fe8 Sole Agents for the Company.

DRIED PEACHES.—100 bush for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

WHITE LIME.—200 bbls. for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
Lessee.....WM. HENDERSON.
Manager.....M. W. CANNING.

Engagement for six nights and one Matinee with the accomplished actress and vocalist,
ROSE WATKINS,
And the eminent Comedian,
Mr. HARRY WATKINS,
MONDAY EVENING, April 19th, first time in this city of the grand romantic drama,
TRODDEN DOWN; or, UNDER TWO FLAGS.
Fergus McCarthy.....Harry Watkins,
Blanche Desmond, with songs.....Rose Watkins.
Watkins Matinee on Saturday.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
H. W. WILLIAMS, Lessee and Manager.
Second and last week of the inimitable London Comique, JAMES TAYLOR. Tuesday evening, first appearance of the renowned athlete and versatile performer, SAM. COLLYER, and his pupils, Masters DAN and EDDIE. J. W. McANDREWS and the great company in a new bill.
Ladies' Matinee every Wednesday and Saturday.

MASONIC HALL.
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, April 21st, 22d and 23d.
Fifteenth Annual Tour of the Great Band of the Age.
SAM SHARPLEY'S MINSTRELS,
The People's Favorites, who have just concluded the longest and most successful season ever made in the city of Chicago, performing to crowded houses one hundred consecutive nights. Universally pronounced superior to all. Under the immediate supervision of the great Wit and Humorist, Mr. SAM SHARPLEY, who will appear at each and every performance.
Admission, 50 cents. Reserved Seats, 75 cents. Seats can be secured at the Hall from 10 to 1 o'clock, without extra charge. Doors open at 7; performance at 8 o'clock precisely.
ap14:h50 GEORGE GRAY, Agent.

BURNELL'S MUSEUM AND PARLOR MENAGERIE,
The Great Family Resorte.
FIFTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Wood streets, opposite Old Theatre.
Open Day and Evening, all the year round.
Admission, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents.

PROPOSALS.

WATER LOAN BONDS FOR SALE.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, April 12, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at THIS OFFICE until 3 o'clock P. M. on WEDNESDAY, 21st inst., for the sale of

40,000 Dollars of Allegheny City
WATER MAIN EXTENSION BONDS,

of the denominations respectively of $500 and $1,000, said Bonds bearing 6 per cent. interest, paying semi-annually on the first days of July and January, and maturing in twenty years from date of issue.
Bids will be received for all or any portion of the above loans. Bids will also be received for converting the City Bonds maturing in 1870 into the above.
The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.
R. B. FRANCIS,
ap13:h31 CITY CONTROLLER.

NOTICE TO FOUNDERS AND TINNERS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, April 12, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at THIS OFFICE until 3 o'clock P. M., until WEDNESDAY, April 21st,
FOR FURNISHING THE CITY
WITH ALL THE
GAS POSTS
Required During the Year,
To be delivered at City Hall, at such times as they may be required. Pattern and Core Box will be furnished by the city. Bidders are requested to state the price per post; also the additional cost of furnishing them with two coats of good black paint. Bids will be received at the same time for furnishing all the GAS LAMPS required during the current year, to be of the same pattern and quality as those now in use.
R. B. FRANCIS,
ap13:h32 CITY CONTROLLER.

FLAG STONES.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, April 12, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at THIS OFFICE until 3 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, April 20th, for furnishing the City with
2,000 Feet Undressed Flag Stones
For crossings. The Stones to be delivered at such times and places as the Street Commissioners may direct, and to conform to specifications to be furdished by Thomas Megraw, Esq., Street Commissioner.
R. B. FRANCIS,
ap13.h33 CITY CONTROLLER.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, April 14th, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P.M., on WEDNESDAY, 21st inst., for GRADING and PAVING the following Avenues, Streets and Alleys, viz.:
WESTERN AVENUE, from its intersection with Rebecca street, eastwardly.
SAWMILL ALLEY, eastwardly of Coke Ovens in 8th ward.
FOR GRADING ONLY:
KILBUCK STREET, from Corry street to School street.
MANHATTAN STREET, from Hopkins street to Rebecca street.
SOUTH ALLEY, in the 6th ward.
Profiles, Estimates, &c., can be seen in the office of CHARLES DAVIS, Esq., City Engineer. Blanks for bidders will be furnished at this office.
R. B. FRANCIS,
ap14:h44 City Controller.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE
Adopting Code.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the foregoing ordinances as digested, codified and arranged, be and

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum: 3 mos.,* $2.

Everything was quiet in the police line Saturday.

W. A. Gildenfenny, No. 45 Fifth ayenue, has our thanks for the May number of the *Galaxy*.

The Allegheny Lockup contained but a single inmate Saturday morning. The morals of our sister city are improving.

Heavy Business.—At the Mayor's Court yesterday morning there were thirty-eight cases disposed of.

Open for Travel.—Charlotte street, in the Seventeenth Ward, has been graded and payed and is now open for travel.

A Gas main is to be extended along Smallman street, Twelfth Ward. The necessary pipe was being delivered Saturday.

The Allegheny police, while hunting up loafers, would do well to call up some fine evening at the corner of Federal street and North avenue.

Allegheny Sewerage.—A neat little pamphlet of six pages, just published, contains the new sewerage act for Allegheny City, passed at the last session of the Legislature.

Chief Engineer James E. Crow, of Allegheny, is still lying seriously ill with pneumonia at his residence on Beaver street. His physicians consider his recovery doubtful.

The Manchester passenger cars, especially those of the Troy Hill branch, were unusually well patronized yesterday. Two policemen were on duty through the day at Troy Hill, and there were no disturbances.

In Town.—Rev. Alex. Blaikie, D. D., Pastor of the First U. P. Church in Boston, is making a brief visitation of the U. P. churches of Pittsburg and Allegheny. He is the guest of Mr. Josiah King of Allegheny.

Fast Driving.—John Mulherron was fined five dollars on Saturday by Mayor Drum, for fast driving. The offense was committed Sunday, March 28th, but Mulherron managed to allude arrest till Saturday.

Severe Accident.—John Bruce, an employe at "Eliza" Furnace, on the line of the Connellsville Railroad, had his leg crushed on Friday afternoon by the fall of a casting. It is probable amputation will be necessary.

There is a probability of a vacancy in the office of Weighmaster at the Second ward scales, Allegheny. Already about half a dozen candidates have commenced to canvas for the position, in case a vacancy occurs.

Valuable Liberty Street Property at Auction.—The warehouse No. 215 Liberty street, opposite Sixth avenue, is advertised for sale on Friday next. Business men and capitalists will find this of great interest. See advertisement on seventh page, by A. Leggate, Auct'r.

The Fair now in progress in the M. E. Church, Temperanceville, will be continued every evening until Saturday, April 24th. The proceeds will be used in remodeling the church. Friends of the church and all others who wish to help the cause are respectfully invited to attend.

Still Another.—Charles Einloth, an insane man was arrested on the streets, Saturday evening, and taken to the watch house, where he remains until this morning, when he will be sent to some place where the accomodations are better. He is a German, about twenty-eight years of age, and has been in this country about five years. This is at least the fourth insane German who has been brought to the watch house within as many weeks.

Great Auction Sale.—Remember the great auction sale, which commences today and will last during the week, of Lace Goods, Trimmings, Embroideries, Furnishing Goods, Hosiery and general notions at W. W. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street. This sale is made to clear out the entire stock to make room for new goods. The goods are all first class, and great bargains may be anticipated. See advertisement on seventh page.

The Wrong Name.—A long, lean, cadaverous looking individual, in a rather "high" state of intoxication, was brought to the lock-up yesterday, and when asked what his name was responded "Abe Lincoln." Capt. Graham replied that he could not pass under that name, as Lincoln never got drunk. The fellow, after a moment's study, replied, "Well, just put it down Andy Johnson; you can't accuse him of never getting drunk, can you?" The Captain wilted and entered the name.

Personal.—Col. James Bleakley, President of the International Bank, of Franklin, Pa., and as genial a gentleman as ever struck oil, was in our city last week, looking up furniture of the best style for one of the numerous hotels and summer resorts which he owns. When nature was sending clever, whole-hearted and good-souled men into the world as beams of sunshine to gladden humanity, Col. Bleakley was born, and we trust he may live long to enjoy the large measure of respect and esteem in which he is held, no matter where he goes.

Where to be Found.

I take this method of informing my many friends who are in want of suitable clothing for Spring and Summer wear, to come and see me at the elegant and fashionable Tailoring establishment of Mr. Henry Sutmeyer, No. 127 Federal street, Allegheny City, where I warrant to suit my numerous friends in every particular. M. C. BURKE,
Late Cutter at No. 118 Market street.

Mortuary Report.

Doctor W. Sniveley, Physician of Board of Health, reports the following interments in the City of Pittsburgh from April 4th, to April 11th, 1869:

Males, 12; Females, 11; Whites, 22; Colored, 1; Total, 23.

The following were the diseases: Unknown, one; Burn, one; Croup, one; Tuberculosis; four; Hepatization of Lungs, one; Pneumonia, one; Hydrosephalus one; Gastritis, one; Typho-Enteritis, one; Tyaemia, one; Marasmus, one; Septicaemeia, one; Eclamspia, three; Scarlet Fever, one; Delirium Tremens, one; Still Born, two.

Of the above there were under one year, ten; from two to five, three; from ten to fifteen, two; from fifteen to twenty, one; from twenty to thirty, one; from thirty to forty, one; from forty to fifty, one; from fifty to sixty, one; from seventy to eighty, one.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

SATURDAY, April 17.—A number of motions were made in this Court on Saturday, but no business of general interest was transacted.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

71 Campbell vs. Lamm.
36 Salisberry et al. vs. Hageman et al.
59 Connor vs. Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Co.
62 McElroy, Dickson & Co. vs. Knap.
68 Hinneman vs. Monongahela Valley Coal Co.
85 Irwin vs. Bleakley.
90 Young vs. People's Line of Steamers.

Common Pleas—Judge Mellon.

SATURDAY, April 17.—The jury in the case of Barclay vs. Dennison, being an action in ejectment for three lots of ground in Lawrenceville, rendered a special verdict on Saturday, subject to the decision of the Court on questions of law reserved. The case will, in all probability, be carried to the Supreme Court.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

2. Auld vs. Wain.
7. Powell vs. Little.
8. Mills vs. Kirkpatrick et al.
9. Coulter et al. vs. Haigh.
12. Hageman vs. Kratz et al.
14. Wilson vs. Franklin.
15. Franklin vs. Wilson et al.
17. Gibbs vs. Haltz.
20. Carter vs. Carson, Darlington & Co.
22. McMasters vs. Penna. R. R. Co.
24. Sheehan vs. Schaderman.
26. Arbuthnot vs. Lanahan.
28. Johns and wife vs. McAboy.
29. O'Neil et al. vs. Shane.
30. Sauter & Bolland vs. Howard.

Quarter Sessions—Judges Sterrett and Stowe.

SATURDAY, April 17.—Wash Frees and Richard Johnson, *alias* Dick Lawrence, who were committed to jail on Thursday by Mayor Brush for ninety days, under the act of Assembly relating to professional thieves, were brought into Court on a writ of *habeas corpus*, John Coyle, Esq., counsel fer Frees and Johnson, asked the Court to discharge them, stating that the fact of Frees having been a thief was not evidence that he was still one, and called several witnesses to prove that he was engaged in a legitimate business, and that it was in connection with that business which brought him to he city. He contended that Johnson was not a thief and challenged the Commonwealth to produce evidence that he was. After hearing the testimony of Chief of Police Hague and officers Moore and Ruch, the Court decided not to interfere in the matter and the professionals were remanded to jail to serve out the remainder of the ninety days.

E. C. Krehan, Esq., of Birmingham, who was recently appointed Court Interpreter by the Governor, presented his commission, and was duly installed into office.

David Auday, who plead guilty a few days ago to a charge of felonious assault and battery, preferred by John Carlin, of Allegheny, was sentenced to pay a fine of six cents and costs, and undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for a period of five years. Before imposing the sentence Judge Stowe remarked that vigorous measures should be adopted to arrest these murderous assaults, and that could only be done by imposing the severest penalties of the law upon offenders.

Jacob Schwartz of East Liberty, convicted of maintaining a gambling house and selling liquor to minors, was sentenced on each indictment to pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs and to undergo an imprisonment of ten days in the county jail.

Christian R. Davidson, who was arrested in Chicago some months since on a charge of false pretenses, and confined in the jail since that time, was released, a *nol. pros.* having been entered in his case.

Christian Mueller, convicted of selling liquor on Sunday, was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for ten days.

Theatrical Notes.

Mr. Mat. Canning, Manager of the New Opera House, is about to be called upon by a large number of prominent gentlemen of the city, to accept at the hands of his friends and admirers, a grand complimentary benefit. Mr. Canning, during the past season, has conducted the Opera House in such a clever manner as to win the admiration of all lovers of the legitimate drama, and has established beyond cavil, the fact that he well knows how to cater to the better and more exalted tastes of the people. We trust he may have such a benefit as will convey to him in a substantial manner, the large measure of satifaction he has afforded during the theatrical term about to close.

Miss Augusta L. Dargon, an actress of decided merit and ability, as pure and virtuous off the stage, as she is versatile and clever upon it, is urged by her many friends to quit the life of an actress and enter the amusement world as a reader. In this department she would rapidly achieve fame, honor and position, and we hope she may be constrained to adopt the suggestion of her friends.

Oliver B. Doud, leading man at the Opera House, goes from hence to New York. He is a brilliant and rising actor destined to occupy a proud place in the histrionic profession.

Personal.

Rev. Edward Gray, the newly-appointed pastor of the North Avenue M. E. Church, Allegheny, preached his introductory sermon to his congregation yesterday morning. Rev. Gray, though a young man, bears the reputation of being one of the finest preachers in his denomination, a celebrity which, if the effort yesterday be a criterion, is certainly not exaggerated. The discourse, utterly devoid of false glitter and flash sentimentality, was marked throughout with the keenest logic, a compactness and concentration of clear, deep thought, and a fervid eloquence, which at once engaged the intellect and touched the feelings of the auditors with peculiar force and beauty.

The congregation have evidently been singularly fortunate in their selection, and may congratulate themselves on a future bright with hope.

The Liquor Law.

Christopher Bradford, on Saturday, made information before Alderman Lynch against Jeremiah and Margaret Driscoll for selling liquor on Sunday. The accused keep a small saloon on Webster street, near High. They were arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

Johnston Poland lodged a similar charge before Alderman Neillie against Manus M'Laughlin, proprietor of a saloon on the corner of Washington and Webster streets, this city. The accused was arrested and fined fifty dollars and costs.

THE FIRE.

The Flames Subdued—Laborers of the Fire Department.

The extensive and destructive conflagration at Forsythe's Oil Works has at length subsided, and there appears to be no further apprehension of danger. The loss of property, although not definitely ascertained, is estimated at $298,000, and the insurance $84,000, making a loss over the insurance of $114,000. The scene of the disaster was visited yesterday by hundreds of persons. The cars on the Citizens' Passenger Railway were crowded from nine o'clock in the morning until late in the afternoon going out, and in returning there was a perfect jam until late at night, and the street was crowded with vehicles of every description all day. The fire has been extinguished at every point except at the tank of distillate oil containing 8,000 barrels, which was one of the first to take fire. There is a considerable quantity of oil remaining in it, and the fire will continue until it is all consumed.

Chief Engineer John H. Hare, and the eutire Fire Department, deserve great credit for the faithful manner in which they labored to extinguish the flames. Mr. Hare was on the ground as soon after the alarm was given as it was possible for him to reach it, and remained as long as there was any hopes of extinguishing the flames or a probability of them spreading. For two entire days and nights he and a portion of the Department remained in service and worked fearlessly and faithfully all the time. Taking into consideration the fact that this labor was performed voluntarily and without the hope or probability of recompense or reward, too much praise cannot be awarded to the brave men who thus risked their lives and sacrificed their health and comfort in performing it.

A Terrible Deed of Blood.

The following particulars of the horrible tragedy enacted on Boher's Landing, Bedford county, Pa., last week, we have gleaned from various quarters. On Friday last, Dash McCauslin, a resident on Main street, started out on a hunting expedition, following the Juniata as far east as Red Bank. Finding nothing in the game line, he crossed the river at this point, and wended his way back as far as Boher's Landing, where a large gallinaceous fowl attracted his attention to such a degree as to excite the sporting passion beyond control, and as a necessary consequence the bird in a short time was a corpse. Whereupon the owner of this turkey, bent on vengeance, came to town, purchased a butcher knife, and declared his intention to take the life of the aggressor. Shortly afterward he came in contact with McCauslin, grabbed him back of tee neck, and plunged the knife into his throat a little to the left of the windpipe. He was in the act of repeating the thrust whem McCauslin, by a mighty, desperate effort, extricated himself, and beat a hasty retreat for home, at which place he arrived in a short time, the distance being less than a quarter of a mile. Boher, not being satisfied with what he had already done, followed, and caught his victim, who, owing to the loss of blood he had sustained and the powerful exertions he had made in trying to free himself, could not resist the second attack, and quietly submitted to have a rope put around his neck, and be literally dragged back to the wharf, where the rope was swung over the top of a lamp post, and in a few minutes was dangling between heaven and earth. As soon as the rope was secured to the post, Boher, with deliberation and composure, commenced to skin his victim, and had half completed his work when the rope broke. The spark of life which still lingered in the body was extinguished by a well directed blow on the skull with a club; after which his heart was taken out and cut to pieces. Boher was arrested, and is in the hands of the authorities. The friends of the deceased took charge of the mutilated body.

The above, from the Bedford *Inquirer*, tells how wicked *dogs* are treated in that section—certainly much worse treatment than that advocated so zealously by the *Post*, to kill them with cold poison.

The Soldiers' Monument.

The question as to where to locate the proposed monument to be erected in honor of the brave boys from Allegheny county, who died beneath the old flag in the late rebellion, remains unsettled, and under the present circumstances we presume will remain so for some time to come, unless a sufficient number of the incorporators waive their views in order to effect a compromise, It is now suggested, by way of settling the dispute, that the square of ground recently occupied by the Scotch Hill Market House and owned by the holders of property on it, be selected for the purpose, It is thought that that location will meet with little or no objection, more especially as the citizens of the Second ward will make a generous proposition to the Monument Association to secure the award. A correspondent writes at considerable length on the availability of that site, from which we extract the following:

"The citizens owning property fronting on the second Ward Park, I feel assured, will, in the event of the erection of the proposed monument, cede to the Association the rights they hold to the site, and at the same time enter into an agreement to provide iron railings for closing in the entire grounds. erect two public fountains within the square, plant more trees and further adorn and improve the grounds in such manner as to render them attractive both in Summer and Winter. The location is good and, the proffered assistance from the citizens should not be despised. The Association can have the assurance that the grounds will always be cared for and watched by the residents of the locality and from time to time se improved by private enterprise as to form the only attractive garden spot in the limits of the old city, which from itself would attract visitors even if the monument did not grace the the square."

Musical.

A rare musical treat is promised on Thursday and Friday evenings of this week at Lafayette Hall, on the occasion of two Grand Old Folks' Concerts, to be given by many of our most talented home vocalists. The programmes embrace many choice gems from the old masters and selections from the popular current music of the day. The performers are all favorably known to our readers, and their names alone should be sufficient attraction to fill the hall to its utmost capacity. The costumes will be an enchanting feature, truly representing those worn by our fore-fathers, and fore-mothers too, a century or more ago. Tickets are now ready at the book and music stores. The proceeds will be devoted to a worthy purpose and we hint there will be large attendance on both evenings.

Weather.

It was remarked in the March article that the indications which prove correct in other months often fail in March and October. The result, in part, has proved true, there being more stormy and cloudy days and less sunshine than were called for. The latter part of the lunar month, April, fulfilled the prediction. As was remarked, the Equinoxtial would discharge a large amount of rain, beginning on the 19th of March, and by snow and rain continue till the 3d of April, or one storm, and the latter, or April part, has been of dry, cold westerly and northeast winds, making dusty roads, in accordance with the indications. Man's perplexity is his helpless and miserable estate by nature, and his fears and dread of the future from misplaced affections. An All Wise Providence, who has been so bountiful in the gifts of good health and fine crops since 1854, is forgotten or mistrusted, and finite wisdom is substituted to predict evil. In January and February, with grave astonishment, remarks were made: What means this weather; so warm? We shall have no ice; buds will swell; fruit crop short, and a sickly season. February transferred her atmosphere to March, when began a second edition of winter; ice came in abundance. March transferred her atmosphere to April, keeping back the too early growth of the earth; by present observation it bids fair to be one of the best of seasons. A warm December always makes an unhealthy season. The last was cold. We have only now to run the gauntlet of the long north-east rain storms of May, which often close with sudden seyere frosts. The immense bodies of snow lying in the north-west, north and north-east have had the tendency to prevent the south and south-west winds from producing warm thunder storms, which always end with severe frosts in April. The night winds from the snow regulate the atmosphere. It has been and now is just cold enough to prevent injury, and if such temperature hugs close to the summer, it bids fair for a fine season. Could the wisdom of man, if he had a choice, devise such a season? We say, "Be content with such things as ye have," to-morrow and future consequences are in the hands of a Higher Power. In one sense, think less of yourself and more of your neighbor; in another, think more of yourself and you will respect, properly, all mankind; for man is the boundary line upon which meet the eternal, spiritual and material, Heaven and earth, time and eternity. In all duties and enterprises start, relying upon the justice of your cause and the purity of your motives, and this will lead you into the stream of ways and means, in the legitimate use of wisdom, wit and sagacity, and then life can be enjoyed as your Creator intended it. If man is merely contented to retain his natural tastes, appetites, physically and intellectually, and no more, to carry them beyond time, he can do so; he is a free agent; but what is there beyond the grave to satisfy or satiate such appetite? Nothing but mere longing. But if the taste is for eternal things and immortality, the food is provided, that you will be ever satisfied, but never satiated. Remember your mind is ever in advance of your condition, but bring your mind to your condition, and there will be no dread of the future. Be thankful for the seasons as they are. "For he that observeth the wind shall not sow, and he that regardeth the clouds shall not reap," is a fundamental truth.

Record from March 13th to April 11th: cloudy and variable, seventeen; rain, nine; snow, six; sunshine, twelve; frost and freezing, fifteen. Daily average of the thermometer 40½; average of river 9¾ feet; fore part of the month changeable and stormy, the latter part piercing, drying west north-west wind.

INDICATIONS

From 11th April to 11th of May, not very wet but sufficient to admit the seed to germinate; inclination more for dry pleasant weather. The past storm is of more value to the farmer than the ice crop to the community; it was quite in order: if it had not occurred, it would have began a draught. Cloudy and variable, sixteen; rain, ten; sunshine thirteen days. After a warm copious rain storm, a frost may be expected.

PITTSBURGH, April 18, 1869. G. A.

Items from the Oil Regions.

Now is the time for those who delight in pictorial pleasures to get out reel and rod, and prepare to cast their lines for trout. There are several streams but a day's tramp from the city that are alive with the speckled beauties, and they never bite harder than at this season.

The woodman's axe is fast denuding the bluffs north of the city of their forest coverings, and the entire range of hills promises soon to be covered with derricks, and other indications af oil developments in that vicinity. We hope that by summer, not only can we show strangers the most productive wells, but the finest natural gas works in the oil country.

Several weeks ago we noticed the discovery of a coal vein near Pleasantville, and the prospect of its speedy development. It is upon the farm of Mr. Lyman Smith, about two miles south of the village. The discovery was made while drilling for oil, and the vein was ascertained to be eight feet in thickness. Mr. Smith at once discontinued boring for oil, and one month ago commenced the work of sinking a shaft. This undertaking was completed on Friday last. It is thought that in the course of another fortnight the operators will be ready to receive orders from consumers. The facilities will be such as to enable them to mine and excavate one hundred tons per day. It is the best quality of cannel coal.—*Titusville Herald*.

Consolidation of Hotels.

Franklin, Pa., has long enjoyed an enviable reputation as sustaining the best two hotels in the oil regions, indeed, we might say in Western Pennsylvania outside of Pittsburgh. The Great Exchange, so commodious and first class in all its appointments, so cleverly managed in every department, and the United States so pleasantly located, airy, comfortable and convenient, have ever vied with each other for popular favor and patronage. We are glad to announce that both of these popular establishments have been consolidated under one management, and been newly refitted and refurnished in such elegant manner as to render them more than ever attractive to the traveler or Summer visitor. The best part of the announcement, however, is, that our universally popular friend and host, S. R. Stratton, Esq., presides with grace at the head of both hotels, and gives his undivided attention towards securing the comfort and enjoyment of the guests. Any of our readers traveling that way must not fail to make his acquaintance and partake of the hospitalities dispensed by his clever and generous hand at either the Great Exchange or United Statss, and our word for it they will thereafter take large stock in his ability to keep hotels and our capacity to judge in such matters.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, April 17th, 1869:

James Borland to Chas. H. Lee, May 26, 1868; lot in Tarentum, 45 by 166 feet.....$750
Lewis Rohen to Adolph Muhlstein, Aug. 1, 1869; 2 lots in Bloomfield, 40 by 174 feet.....$600
A. H Miller to Wm. G. Noble, April 13, 1869; 56 acres and 22 perches of land in Baldwin township.....$18,500
James Borel to Chas. H. Lee, Feb. 8, 1868; lot in Tarentum.....$80
Joseph Woodson to Wm. McDowell, Jan. 15, 1868; 2 acres and 137 perches coal land in Fawn township.....$50
William McDowell to Jacob Simmes, one acre and fifty-two perches coal land in Fawn township.....$30
James Hill to Wm. McDowell, Jan. 25, 1868; right of way in Fawn township.....$15
Geo. W. Patterson to Amos Lewis, April 15, 1869; 4 lots on Rebecca street, Allegheny, each 22½ by 108 feet.....$4,800
Joseph R. Copeland, Sr., to Joseph R. Copeland, Jr., February 8, 1869, three lots in Buena Vista plan, Second ward, Allegheny.....$392
Wm. Breeze to James P. Quinn, April 15, 1869; lot in Eighth ward, on Clark street, 18 by 20 feet.....$2,500
James A. Crawford to Peter Rachland, September 14, 1867; lot on Joseph street, Birmingham, 20 by 60 feet.....$825
Patrick Smith to William Wilson, April 11, 1869; lot on Enoch street, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, 72 by 113.....$2,000
George Farscht to Mary Klein, March 30, 1869; lot on Union avenue, Allegheny, 14 by 156 feet.$900
Lewis McClelland to Elias Grimes, December 28, 1864; lot on Locust and Fountain streets, Sewickley, 50 by 95 feet.....$30
Alexander Flowers to Wm. Jackson, April 1, 1869; tract of land in Plum townssip, containing 91 acres and 30 perches, with buildings$5,500
William L. Wallace to John W. Simpson, February 17, 1869; lot corner of Ohio and Beaver streets, Second ward, Allegheny, 30 by 80 feet.....$3,500.
Henry Martin to Henry Eversman, April 1, 1869; lot on Duncan street, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, 20 by 76 feet.....$1,530
Conrad Van Buren to Catharine Dingali, April 16, 1869 lot on Fine street, Pittsburgh, 50 by 60 feet.....$1,500
Robert Dickson to John Dickson, March 16, 1869; lot of ground in Wilkins township, 10 by 27 perches.....$6,000.
Margaret Hobaugh to Philip J. Miller, March 29, 1869; lot on Fourth street, Buena Vista, Elizabeth township, 120 by 120 feet, ...$300.
Emily Greenwalt to Margaret Hoebauch, September 9, 1868; lot in Buena Vista, 120 by 120 feet.....$150
John Chislett, Jr., to James Riley, November 2, 1868; lot on Bellefontaine street, Pittsburgh; 22 by 103 feet.....$750
James Riley to Samuel F. Patterson, April 15, 1805; lot above described, with buildings..$1,500
John Dell to John Frich, November 16, 1868; lot in Versailles township 46½ by 127 feet.....$525
Mrs. B. A Negley to Philip Doganhart, March 10, 1869; lot in Negley's plan, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, 23 by 100 feet.....$300
James Evans, Administrator, to Margaret Dougherty, April 6, 1860; lot on Shaw's Lane, borough of McKeesport, 60 by 139 feet.....$500
George Hebelsen to Charles Meyers, April 13, 1869; two lots on Overhill street, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, 40 by 100 feet.....$500
Thomas D Pollock to Eliza Ann Wilson, October 22, 1867; tract of land in Jefferson township, containing 16 acres and 159 perches.....$1,625

MORTGAGES.

Thirteen mortgages were filed for record.

A Hard Case.

A young hopeful, aged about twelve years, John O'Brien by name, was arrested by officer Garber, on Etna street, in the Ninth ward, yesterday, and brought to the lock-up on a charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct. The boy was evidently intoxicated, and stated that he had been drinking ale, but refused to tell where he had got it. The officer stated that there were five or six boys, all about the same size, in the party, and that when he discovered them they were hallowing at him and then run up stairs in a house and called after him out of the window. He went to get another officer to assist him in making the arrest in order to catch the whole party, but when he returned they had all escaped but O'Brien, who was found secreted in the cellar. He was locked up and will have a hearing this morning, when he will probably be sent to the House of Refuge.

It is quite evident that there is some den in that locality where liquor is sold on Sunday and to minors, as the officer asserts that there are drunken boys at that point almost every Sunday. The offender should be hunted out and prosecuted, as it would be a much less expense to the county to keep one scoundrel in the county jail than to send perhaps a dozen boys to the House of Refuge.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Mrs. Mary Gladstane concluded her engagement at the Opera House Saturday evening. The attendance during the week was not as large as Mrs. Gladstane's merits as an actress should draw. To-night, Mr. and Mrs. Watkins commence an engagement of six nights, when will be presented the beautiful Irish drama entitled "Trodden Down; or, Under Two Flags."

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—The past week at the Pittsburgh Theatre has been an immensly profitable, if we are to judge from the crowds of persons present at each entertainment. Mr. Taylor, the inimitable comique, and McAndrews, the unapproachable delineator of negro character, have been the chief attractions. They both remain through the present week.

THE MINSTRELS.—Sharpley's Minstrels, under the supervision of that inimitable wit and caricaturist, Sam Sharpley, will open an engagement of three nights at Masonic Hall, Wednesday evening. This company needs no introduction to Pittsburgh amusement seekers. It may be well to state, however, that the programme, varied each evening, is said to contain nothing old, but everything new.

To Be Disbanded.

Our readers will remember that among the parties arrested for striking false alarms of fire in Allegheny, were two members of the Friendship Hose Company, located in the Second ward. The matter since then has created considerable feeling among the remaining members, some of whom look over and others condemn the conduct of their two associates. The feeling has risen so high that there is now, so we are informed, a strong probability of the disbandment of the company, and the turning of the apparatus over to the city authorities. We understand the case will be brought before the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose of the City Councils, at their next meeting, when some action will be taken. The Friendship is one of the oldest and best companies in the city, and we would regret exceedingly to hear of its disbandment. Always ready and prompt, on many an occasion it has done yeoman service in saving the property and even the lives of citizens, whenever called to duty. If the difficulty can at all be amicably settled, such an efficient organization should not be disbanded.

American Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia—Chartered in 1850—Charter Perpetual—Assets Over $2,500,000.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14, 1869.

I hereby acknowledge the receipt of the full sum of Three Thousand Dollars, from the American Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia, in payment of Policy No. 6,899 for $3,000 on the life of Isaac Whittier, deceased.

I also acknowledge the return of all the notes given for premiums on said policy. The dividends having liquidated the same in full. SAMUEL HARPER,
Administrator of the estate of Isaac Whittier, dec'd.

Applications for insurance in this old and reliable Company may be made to
W. P. CHERRINGTON,
No. 96½ Fourth avenue, or to
SAMUEL HARPER,
No. 93 Diamond street.

A Magnificent Time Piece.

The watch which was presented, last week to Depot Master H. M. Butler, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, is one of the finest we have ever examined. It was purchased at the establishment of Mr. Wm. G. Dunseath, No. 56 Fifth avenue, and was manufactured at the United States Watch Works, Marion, New Jersey, is a stem winder and setter, will keep two times, and is adjusted to heat, cold, position and isochranism. The case bears the monogram, "H. M. B." and the inscription, "Presented to H. M. Butler, by his many friends, April 15th, 1869." One of the handsome appendages of the gift was an elegant and costly gold chain, weighing fifty-two pennyweights attached to which was a blood stone seal elaborately mounted with the various symbols pertaining to the order of the Ancient York Masons. The watch and chain cost $350, a very reasonable price when its elegance is taken into consideration.

Mrs. Barclay, of Chicago, will give another series of lectures to the ladies on "How to Get Health, and How to Keep It," beginning this afternoon at four o'clock, promptly, in the Sixth U. P. Church, (Dr. A. D. Drake,) in Allegheny City, formerly known as Lancaster. The lecture this evening, April 19th, is free.

Linen Goods of the choicest brands. Bates & Bell's.

My Solace.

Who is it toils the long day through?
Or if I like, the whole night too?
And never shrinks from work to do?
The Weed Machine.
At 116 Market street.

The Purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York Sold by all druggists. M

The Very Latest Silk Mantles, just received. Bates & Bell's.

Great Auction Sale Continued of Macrum & Carlisle's entire stock of fancy goods and trimmings at No. 29 Fifth avenue, in the store lately occupied by A. H. English & Co. Auction sales at 10 A. M. and 2 and 7 P. M. See advertisement. H. B. SMITHSON & Co.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods. Bates & Bell's.

Furnishing Goods—Napkins, Doylies, Towels, Stand and Piano Covers, Toilet Setts, FurnitureCoverings, Curtain Netts, Damasks, Sheetings of all widths, Pillow Case Muslins and Linens—a full stock from the most celebrated makers. Bates & Bell.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street

Black Silks for Suits. Bates & Bell.

MARRIED.

HUBER—OHLEGER—At the residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Graff, on Thursday evening, by Rev. J. H. W. Stuckenberg, pastor of Messiah Evangelical Lutheran Church, WM. HUBER and KATE OHLEGER, both of this city.

DIED.

SAMSON—On Sabbath evening, April 18th, 1869 of scarlet fever, JENNIE E., only child of H. and Susan Samson, aged 3 years, 9 months and 22 days.

Funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 157 Third avenue, TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock.

BARKER—On Friday, April 16, 1869, Mrs. RACHEL C. M'DONALD, wife of JOHN A. BARKER, aged 25 years.

WAINWRIGHT—On Saturday morning, April 17, at 3 o'clock, MARY F., wife of S. J. WAINWRIGHT, in the 39th year of her age.

STERRITT—On Saturday morning, April 17th, 1869, in the Borough of Bellvue, Ross township Allegheny county, JAMES STERRIT, in the 72d year of his age.

KNOX—In Sewickley, Saturday morning, April 17, at one o'clock, of paralysis, SARAH, wife of JAS. A. KNOX, deceased.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 136 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBT. T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $5 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals at $4

W. G. DUNSEATH,

Jeweler and Optician,

56 FIFTH AVENUE,

AGENT FOR THE

U. S. Watch Co's Watches,

KEY AND PENDANT WINDERS. "THE LEADING WATCH."

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE,

SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets.
mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO.,

No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET.
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